BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR: {SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.} BANGOR, ME., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1891. VOL. LVIII---NUMBER 60.

"A LIFE'S EXPERIENCE."

LYDIA PINKHAM to MRS. CHAS H PINKHAM "My daughter, you have spent many years of your life in aiding me to compile these records An analysis of every case of female disease ever brought to my attention is here; this will aid you in perpetuating my work. Here is a life's practice of a **Woman among Women, and contains Facts that cannot be found elsewhere!** It is the **largest** collection **the world has ever known."**

NOTE These Records are available to the **Women of the world.** Personal attention is given to confidential letters, and correspondence is solicited from suffering women Send stamp for "Guide to Health."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is the only **Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy** for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women

It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints that Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Back Falling and Displacement of the Womb Inflammation Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb and is invaluable to the Change of Life Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at any early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor Subdues Faintness Excitability Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion, and strengthens and tones the stomach Cures Headache General Debility Indigestion, etc and invigorates the whole system For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex, **the Compound has no rival**

All Druggists sell it as a **standard article,** or sent by mail in form of Pills or Lozenges on receipt of $1 00 LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED CO LYNN MASS.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH.

Keep Your Feet Dry and Warm by Wearing

ALFRED DOYLE'S

ALL WOOL

FELT SHOES, AND SLIPPERS,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

—SOLD BY—

C. A. HUTCHINGS & CO.,

27 MAIN ST., - BANGOR, ME.

jan21 MWF

COME IN

—AND TALK—

Carpets and Draperies

WITH US.

We shall be most happy to show you the LARGEST and CHOICEST line of these goods to be found in Bangor Our arrangements are such that we are enabled to display the choicest designs of the

LEADING CARPET HOUSE

in New England, and it costs no more to buy the choice than the ordinary styles and costs nothing but your time to see them

IF you make an early selection you are more likely to find what you wish and you avoid delay in filling orders

WE carry only standard grades of Brussels, Tapestry and Wool Carpets, but a very large variety,

OUR prices are as reasonable as any of our competitors and we guarantee satisfaction

NO one in Bangor is more competent to make and fit Carpets than MR. WILLIAM SWEET, who is in charge of our work room and will be pleased to fill orders promptly

DRAPERIES.

We are pretty near HEADQUARTERS on these goods, and if you wish Lace Draperies from 40 cents a pair to Elegant Irish Point or Real Swiss Curtains you will certainly make a mistake if you fail to see our line ALSO

PORTIERES

in endless variety from $3 50 to $25 00 per pair On our return from New York we shall show a line of novelties personally selected from the retail departments of the

Leading New York Drapery Houses.

We cordially invite you to call and see them

C. E. LYON & CO.,

1 and 3 Main Street.

mar9MW&S1w

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS. EFFECTUAL. WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For Bad Digestion, Nervousness &c.

Such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Fullness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations &c.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES.

BEECHAM'S PILLS TAKEN AS DIRECTED RESTORE FEMALES TO COMPLETE HEALTH

For Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc.,

they ACT LIKE MAGIC, Strengthening the muscular System, restoring long lost Complexion bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. One of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PROPRIETARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold by Druggists generally. B. F. ALLEN CO., 365 and 367 Canal St., New York, Sole Agents for the United States, who (if your druggist does not keep them) will mail BEECHAM'S PILLS on RECEIPT of PRICE, 25c. a BOX. (MENTION THIS PAPER.)

OUR FU__ _NE

—OF—

SPRING STYLES

—IN—

STIFF AND SOFT HATS,

are now open for inspection. It is the largest line we have ever shown. Call and see the latest.

DAVID PULLEN & CO.,

WEEKLY.

[FOR LATEST DESPATCHES SEE THIRD PAGE.]

LARGE FIRM ASSIGNS.

Boston Tea Concern of Dudley Hall & Co in Trouble.

Announcement of Assignment Created a Sensation.

BOSTON, March 10. Dudley Hall & Co, dealers in tea and sugar on State street, have assigned Their liabilities are upwards of $400,000 The assets consist largely of equities in real estate.

The other available assets of the firm are principally their stock in trade in the store on State street, teas in a warehouse in New York city and bills receivable, amounting in value to about $50 000

The members of the firm are Dudley C Hall and his son Dudley Hall The former had indorsed considerable paper for the accommodation of personal friends and these indorsements have been shouldered by the firm, which caused heavy demands upon the firm's assets To this fact is undoubtedly due the failure

The Individual Members

of the firm have also assigned, but their liabilities except for indorsements are very light.

The announcement of the assignment of the firm caused a sensation in business circles

They have been in business over twenty years and are the second largest tea house in the United States, doing a business of over $1 000,000 a year

If the assignees can secure time to dispose of the large interests in real estate held by the firm and the members individually to the best advantage, the creditors it is thought will ultimately receive a large dividend

The Manufacturers' National Bank, of this city, placed an attachment for $5,000 on the firm's stock this morning before the assignment was known.

DEADLY COAL GAS.

A Family Rendered Unconscious and One Death Occurred.

BOSTON, March 10 The family of George Potter, consisting of his wife and five children, were rendered unconscious by coal gas in their residence on Dudley street, Upham's Corner, Boston, last night

One son, aged about twenty, is dead, but the others are expected to recover.

The gas is supposed to have escaped from the furnace.

The house is nearly new and the family had occupied it but a few months

POLITICAL.

Nominations by Rhode Island Republicans

PROVIDENCE, R. I. March 10 At the meeting of the Republican State Convention to day H. W. Lyon was nominated for Governor; Lyman B Goff for Lieutenant Governor; Daniel R. Ballou for Attorney General; George H. Utter for Secretary of State, and Samuel Clark, of Lincoln, for General Treasurer.

RHODE ISLAND

The Third Party Amusing Itself

PROVIDENCE, March 10. The State Prohibitionists to-day nominated the following ticket: Rev. John H Larrin, Governor; Joshua C. Brown, Lieutenant-Governor, Thomas H Peabody, Westerly, Attorney General; David O. Argyll, Secretary of State; Louis E. Remington, General Treasurer.

FOR ATTEMPTED SHOOTING.

His Wife Would Not Testify Against Him

LOWELL, Mass., March 10. John Riley, who shot his wife in the breast with a rifle a week ago Saturday night, was examined on charge of attempt to kill. His wife refused to testify against him.

John J. Preston, who was present at the time of the shooting, said it was an accident.

Captain Davis and Sergeant Kew told of the arrest of Riley and that he said he shot her and was sorry he didn't kill her. He was held in $2,000 for the superior court.

TROUBLE IN FALL RIVER

Strike of Spinners Causes Mill to Stop

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 10. The Robeson mill is stopped to-day on account of a strike of spinners, who complain of too high speed, which results in a cut down in wages.

A deputation from their numbers has been appointed to wait on the agent and report to Secretary Howard this afternoon. Secretary Howard visited the Slade mill this morning and Agent Fenner promised to remedy the strikers' grievance provided they returned to work.

The men hold a meeting this afternoon and Secretary Howard will urge them to accept the offer and return to work tomorrow morning

THE PRINCIPAL TOPIC

Prince Bismarck's Candidacy Proves Embarrassing

BERLIN, March 10. Prince Bismarck's candidature for Geisetemunde is the principal topic of discussion in political circles

It is freely asserted that the government feels embarrassed over his decision.

The National Zeitung admits that although the National Liberals differ on almost every important feature of Bismarck's policy he will be elected as the founder of the Empire

LASTERS OUT

At the Command of the Union

HAVERHILL, Mass, March 13. Fifteen lasters of Wallace, Elliott & Co.'s shoe factory have gone out at the command of the International Union.

The union wants lasters to do their own trimming, which work is now done by one man, whose discharge would follow the granting of the demand.

The firm refused to accede to the request desiring to have some one man responsible for that work. The lasters do not ask for the change but are compelled to quit work by the Union.

The matter of price has nothing to do with the trouble.

VERY COOL.

Burglar Secures Property from Store Window.

LOWELL, Mass, March 10. A burglar coolly cut a window in O. M. Haines' broker shop on Moody street at 1 o'clock this morning while passers by were looking on, took $50 in property and escaped.

ENGLISH BOY

Bound Over for Shooting His Chum.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 10. Arthur Henson, the English boy who shot his chum, Arthur Stapleton, three times last night, was bound over to the June Grand term Police Court to-day. Stapleton is recovering.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

New Telephone Company.

THE BLIZZARD CONTINUES.

Trains Snowed up and Many People Imprisoned.

Several Narrow Escapes from Being Frozen to Death.

Storm has not been Equalled in Severity for Years.

LONDON, March 10. The blizzard in the south of England continues though the weather in London is milder

The railroads of Kent and Sussex are completely blockaded and the neighboring country is deep in snow.

Two trains full of passengers on the Midland railroad were snowed up last night and the passengers were not rescued till this morning.

A train on the North Kent road bound for this city was snowed up last night and still remains in a cutting where it was stopped by a drift.

A number of engines have been sent to the scene but are as yet

Unable to Move the Train.

The Sheerness mail car cannot be found It has been lost somewhere along the road between this city and Sheerness

A search party went out after the missing car and locomotives and rescued the engineer He was found half frozen in a snow drift

Two clergymen were snowed up in a carriage on the Faversham road last night and were rescued with difficulty after having suffered severely

Reports from the provinces show that the blizzard prevailed from St George's channel to the North Sea

One of the effects of the storm has been the stoppage of the South Wales iron works All railroad traffic is stopped and

Trains There are Delayed

In Somersetshire, Dorsetshire, Hampshire and Gloucestershire the snow drifts are mady feet deep, rendering field work impossible

The passenger train which left the Charing Cross station at midnight for Folkestone was caught in a huge snow drift outside of Folkestone.

The passengers were not rescued until 8 o'clock this morning.

Many of them were seriously ill from exposure

Maidstone and Sheerness have been cut off from communication with the country surrounding them

In addition to the damage done by the storm itself, the Thames has

Commenced to Rise

in a dangerously rapid manner and already inundates the low lying districts bordering on that river from Richmond down

In South Devonshire the snow storm continues its violence Railroads are blockaded and the mail train bound from Southampton for London is snowed up

Towns on the Channel Islands have also been cut off by snow from all communication with each other

Taken altogether the storm has not been equalled in severity for a decade

BUSINESS TROUBLES

Suspension of a New York Concern

NEW YORK, March 10 The suspension of Haywood Prince is announced on the Stock Exchange.

FOR PASSING BOGUS CHECKS

A Man Arrested in Auburn and Arraigned

AUBURN, March 10. B. G Fuller was arrested to-day for passing bogus checks on the First National Bank of Lewiston. The checks were passed in a grocery. Fuller was arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

FROM ROCKLAND

Short Session of Court Expected

ROCKLAND, March 10 The Supreme Judicial Court opened this morning, Judge Whitehouse presiding. There are few civil or criminal cases of importance and the session will probably be short.

A FATAL FALL

An Aged Man Dies from Concussion of the Brain.

ROCKLAND, March 10. Samuel Lovejoy, aged 74, father of Postmaster Lovejoy, fell last night striking his head. He was picked up unconscious but rallied and was taken home. It is supposed the cause of death was concussion of the brain from the fall

FOREIGN NEWS.

A Temporary Rampart.

LONDON, March 10 A despatch from Berlin to the Times, anent the visit of the ex-Empress of Germany to Paris, says:

Emperor William's passport decree is merely a temporary rampart behind which he can safely await the not distant day when the real opinion of the French nation will pass judgment on the recent frivolous demonstrations.

Then, when the French people have recovered their independence, the barriers will be lowered again.

A SIMPLE WAY TO MAKE MONEY.

Probably you intend buying a new spring dress, wrap, or jacket Why not dye and make over your last year's garments? It is easy to dye with Diamond Dyes They make all the fashionable and standard colors, and save the cost of many a new dress, wrap, and suit. Ask for and take only the Diamond.

Business Items.

Cigarette-smoking is said to cause shortness of breath If this is so, the remedy is leave them off But if the short breath comes from a cold or asthma, the remedy is Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.

mh10 d&w1w

Thin and impure blood is made rich and healthful by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla It cures scrofula, salt rheum, all blood disorders. 12

DON'T FEEL WELL,

And yet you are not sick enough to consult a doctor, or you refrain from so doing for fear you will alarm yourself and friends—we will tell you just what you need. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will lift you out of that uncertain, uncomfortable, dangerous condition, into a state of good health, confidence and cheerfulness. You've no idea how potent this peculiar medicine is in cases like yours.

Beecham's Pills cure Sick Headache. 4

"TWO SOULS WITH BUT A SINGLE THOUGHT."

As they sat side by side, they read. "Oh, my idol!" he said, and then sighed. "Dear Luke," said she, as she looked, "I will wed the if thou wilt," and he liked. The Honeymoon passed in an excess of joy, [illegible] rich and brings happiness [illegible] as a frequent attendant of marriage. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets are all sugar coated, [illegible] easy to swallow. No other pills are [illegible] as efficacious and [illegible] Pellets are [illegible] a vial [illegible] Pellets [illegible] a few

BREWER LOCALS.

The Pandemoniacs met last evening with Miss Catherine Hardy.

Mrs. A. Kenney, of Orono, is spending a few days visiting friends in this city.

Representative to the Legislature H. C Snow has been at home for a day or two to vote.

Active preparations are going on for the Methodist fair and a very successful event is anticipated.

Rubber boots are said to be the most fashionable footwear worn just now, both for ladies and gentlemen

The storm signal sounded yesterday morning and here was no forenoon session of the High School, but in the afternoon a session was held as usual

The snow on the surface of the river, melted and added to by the rain, made very sloppy walking yesterday and most people preferred to cross on the bridge

On Thursday evening the usual semi-monthly sewing circle and sociable will be held by the ladies' parish circle in the vestry of the First Congregational church.

Much satisfaction is expressed all over the city in regard to the result of the election and all unite in the belief that Colonel Hutchings is just the man for the place.

Messrs Donald A. Sargent and William Young, who have been on a fishing trip to the Katahdin Iron Works, have returned after having had a splendid time and obtained a good catch of trout.

The streets in places resemble miniature rivers and one has to use care to step in places that shall not be treacherous and let one's foot into a wet, sticky slush which is worse than clear water

This is the season when the electric cars are well patronized as people who would walk in cold or warm weather if the traveling was good will take to the cars when the spring sun begins to melt the snow to water

The tide was very high yesterday and the river was also considerably swollen by the recent rains and the melting snows, so that the water rose to the tops of some of the highest wharves, while in completely submerged others

Messrs. Cannon & Co, who are at work on the new directory, expect to get at the work in this city the last of this week or first of next When a directory which can be relied on is published, probably every merchant in our city will buy one!

Yesterday opened very dismally with the rain coming down in a steady pour, but toward noon the rain ceased falling the wind veered around to the west and soon the sun came out and in the afternoon all were pleased to see a clear sky again

Lagrange Town Meeting.

At the annual meeting at Lagrange, Monday, the following officers were elected.

Fred H Savage, Moderator
Origen Fuller, Clerk.
Marcellus Nason, Omar Herrick, N. H. Stearns, Selectmen and Overseers of the Poor.
James O Head, Treasurer.
H. W. Blake, Collector.
Chas L Doble, Town Agent

Newport Town Meeting.

At the annual Town meeting held at Newport, Monday, March 9th, the following officers were elected

Moderator, Rev David Boyd
Town Clerk, C. H. Morrill
Selectmen, H J. Howe, Joel Richardson, E. D Doble
Supervisor, J M Sanborn
Constable, D. O Trafton.
Town Agent, H. J. Howe
Auditor, W. H Mitchell
Collector, Robert Jenkins.
Treasurer, O. H Judkins.
Field Drivers, Dr Brown Porter, H. M. Wardwell, O H. Judkins, R H. Libbey.

It was voted to raise $2,000 00 for Town charges, Free High Schools $250.00, what the law allows for common schools, Highways, $2,000 00, Memorial Day, $25,00, Repairs and painting Cemetery fences, $275 00, Total amount of money raised $3,710 50.

It was voted to abate the taxes of any manufactory to be established in Newport to the value of ten thousand dollars and upwards for the term of ten years.

ELIZABETH A. BROWN

My Case is a Miracle!

PRAISE GOD, I AM WELL!!

LEWISTON, ME., Oct. 28, 1890

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.:—

Gentlemen,—For over ten years I have been a great sufferer with weakness peculiar to my sex. I would have for days at a time a terrible bearing-down feeling, accompanied by great exhaustion and severe pain in back and limbs. I would go to bed fatigued, and rise in the morning more exhausted than when I retired. Often after rising I would have a period of trembling, until at last my nerves were in a state of complete prostration. I would have little or no appetite. Almost constant headache, accompanied by strange sensations, etc. Such was my condition when I first heard of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA. Though I am but forty-three years of age, yet my hair is gray, and I look like a person near sixty years old

While visiting my daughter, Mrs. Hardy, in Bangor, Me., she persuaded me to try a bottle of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, and to please her I did so. That bottle helped me a little. The second one gave me a good appetite, and caused me to rest better nights. I continued to use it, and continued to improve, till I had taken eleven bottles. And praise God, I am [illegible] well. I have [illegible] my [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] of one-half. Perhaps

SUN SPOTS.

An Interesting Series of Natural Phenomena

[Written for the Whig and Courier.]

Around the years 1845 to '50 clusters a series of natural phenomena and correlated events that now near a half century later awakens a deep interest when we are led, in considering the remarkable succession of excessive meteorological phenomena that characterized the past few years, to perceive in them the return of a cycle that sets forth the '45 to '50 period so distinctly, and that likely also links this with similar ones carrying us far back into the past, even to biblical times, days long, long ago when the Prophets, either inspired or with deep natural wisdom, foretold the periods of plenty and of famine

In all history one often meets with periods of excessive cold or heat, of flood or drought and famine, and connected with these in some relations of cause and effect, great historical political events, turning points in history.

Believing that these periods are related to each other, and are one of the results of some fundamental cycle in the movement within our solar system or even the far greater universe, many are the attempts to discover the corresponding period and the laws of their action for these once understood, some prophecy of events to come in certain lines would seem just fled. So, with perhaps less of insight than the Prophets of old scientists have thought they might predict with a fair approximation some periods of excess, a deficiency in heat and rainfall, and periods of epidemics of certain diseases, these in connection standing to a great period one of whose characters is the spotting of the sun

Diffidence would become one on so great a subject, and he ought to be granted some charity on his views considering the complexity of the subject That the sun-spots can be a cause of the great events here treated of, is to some so preposterous, that they only smile, indicating by this their idea of how great is coming to be the number of weak minded persons and "crazies"

Your issues of February 23 1889, and January 9, 1890 kindly gave much room to articles, "Insects and the Weather, and "Sun-Spots and the Weather The article in brief aim to indicate some of the many relations of the 11 year 1 month sun spot period to the great variations, the excesses, in our natural phenomena such as heat or cold, rain and drought, thunder hail, fogs, prevalence of certain winds electric storms and northern lights, epidemics of certain diseases, in cut plenty or scarcity, abundance of game yield of crops, financial prosperity, etc etc Regarding the financial condition to indicate as well the very evident crisis in rice, coal, etc, and also the great financial panic or commercial reaction whose cause is less distinctly perceived The former articles concerned the regular 11-year cycle, while this treats more of a wave motion in that motion, a cycle within a cycle, one of 44-45 years, rather just four sun spot periods, when the excesses run very high like the somewhat irregular great waves that come in on the beach after a succession of a few small ones Years since I had considered the '45 and '50 period with its great freshet of '46, the following hot summer with the cholera here in '49, and other items Only later did I find that a French scientist had published reports based on Paris records of a long time that indicated that the weather there seemed to repeat itself about every forty and more years This law applies here as there and elsewhere In '47 struck the last great influenza epidemic in England, and in '49 Ireland's last great potato famine, while with '47 came the great panic and its $100,000,000 in failures in England On our river records of days clear of ice from 43 on run 223, '29, '31, '62, '37, '54, '71, '52, 267 and 239 in 1862. This indicates a cold period to 1845, quick rise and great freshet of '46, and warm years to the drop of 1852 Are these not trusty, then other proofs are at hand Last winter in ice excitement a Boston paper gave a long record of interesting interviews with numbers of "oldest inhabitants" in Massachusetts, Maine etc, our late venerable Mr Chamberlain included. Among many items of interest were '44 very cold, and '49 open winter, agreeing with above.

Is that period related to the one of the past five years or so? Let us see Last mid-winter did not the "Grip" smite with a heavy hand near all the northern hemisphere? Is not this winter repeated, the misery of a potato famine in unfortunate Ireland? If cholera has not struck us here as in '49, has it not still, sorting from near the Red Sea, spread to Spain and the Atlantic and been checked by modern scientific methods and the great ocean, while more free it has spread and raged on the East, even to Japan where its victims in one report numbered, I think, about 30,000? If there is no great fire but here of 90(or 91) has not the unusually excessive rains and flood the past two years broken the record? Again, is there not a parallel with cold years to '46 and very hot after, in the cold of '84 and '85 and the warmer spell since, with summer '87 the hottest for a generation, and more lately, long summers if not so hot, yet with winters originating the two past ice famines?

Finally has not the past fall broken on us one of those great financial panics that regularly each eleven years pay their unwelcome visits? Beyond human control, little effected by war or peace, or legislation, promptly comes its jarring tread 1814, '25, '36, '47, '57, '69, ("Black Friday," Sept 24th), '79 and '80 and now 1890 and '91. In the past century 1763, '73 and '93, Perhaps fuller data would show that century much as this, allowing for other changes. Along with these events must flock hundreds of others correlated through one great cause, and undoubtedly knew we the '45 and '50 period as well as that now on the stage my theme would have added interest.

Much of this was understood and expected. It less well known to the public the extremes of the great sun-spot period of '83 and '84 were watched and appreciated, for on their swing was measured the excess expected in the clear-sun period of '89, whose influence now dominates. Heat, fret, disease and business reverse were plainly foretold. Like the famines of all these cycles, of one-sixth. Perhaps that the cause is proportioned to results or that the after results bear a ratio to the preceding shocks! Their influence covers a time proportional to the cycle. It is a wave not on, somewhat irregular, it is true, in some respects. As high the crest, so low the trough, yet so surely the next rise. If some see "only a shower, others perhaps lose hold at that darkest hour just before dawn.

It is a fact that this period is marked by equally striking natural phenomena that can be measured Reports by the President of our State College showed last winter the highest barometer since the origin of that institution. December 31st, '90 the thermometer read 36 7 below zero the lowest in twenty-two years of record there Another record, not now at hand, I believe gave a rain fall equally unprecedented In January, a month about as singular as the awful cold December a great gale on our coast was accompanied by a tidal wave so high and destructive that its like was not remembered 44 below zero was recorded in towns near us I believe other records of various sorts will show equal excesses

Thirty-two years ago was 1859 this day, but that is three sun-spot periods 3x11 Many records show, '57, '58 and awful cold years, '57 New York Harbor and Boston Harbor froze in Very many reports all point to 1816 as the most remarkable year in the century Dismal cold, Snow every month in the year and awful gales, summer frosts no [illegible] etc, etc But 78 years, 7x11 [illegible] carries to '13, when we shall be well into the next cold period due in our spot time of '94, '5 After two mild winters we have one unusually severe We [illegible] there has been four open ones, one on each side of our two, earlier and later The sun clear period of '89 (summer) thus there, well marked by four here two warm winters In Europe is here the change has come but how severe [illegible] below zero in Versailles, snow in Africa [illegible] St Petersburg, Dr Woeikof shows mean temperature of seven months October to April, 30 was exceeded once only in 100 years, viz in 1821 2 1822 to 1889 only very nearly 11 [illegible] Thus as great the extreme of heat, so great the opposite extreme of cold but why do they come so near together [illegible] it has perplexed [illegible] doubtless [illegible] after [illegible] time The hot May of [illegible] better than average fully [illegible] months too early, compares with the cold December just past as per record at [illegible] such times the month large departures

Some direct point connection and [illegible] such a general law [illegible] but we could yet formulate the law A diagram would be our effective help Startings often indicate a five year period as indicated in a former article, and [illegible] plane as long and accurate English records Some eleven year periods are [illegible] but rarely, if ever, entirely smoothed in whole some are very heavy There is occasionally a swing to twelve or thirteen or a slack in nine years, but to this there seems to be a self compensating adjustment and soon the series is regular and the average always right to the 11 [illegible] Prof Bruckner, Berne, calls attention to a thirty-five year climatological period for the whole globe Centers of cold periods 1700, 1740, '80, 1815, '50 and '80, but [illegible] '60, '92, 1810, 1860 add now '89 Average 34 very near 11 [illegible] Some [illegible] river and lake height [illegible] rainfall [illegible] to be expected with figures [illegible] near certainty [illegible] fail to be realized at all, yet we can trust the law and [illegible] if faithly, what causes the variation The marking hot or cold not spell another, it is so evident, by a cool cloudy but long summer, joined to mild winters we can partly understand The injection of such spells of weather as that of last April puzzles but now it seems to have been a forerunner of the present remarkable winter Many things are to be considered as opposite effects of greater heat on ocean and coast and in error especially desert countries Radiation plays a great part as also general wind currents and influence position of land as mountains, etc, etc All contributes to this almost infinity of weather changes, whose 140 range of thermometer here, discomforts us so greatly

(Concluded on Fourth Page.)

Obituary.

The friends and neighbors of Gideon T Leavitt, of Newburgh, were painful and shocked to learn of his sudden death at home, on Thursday morning February 12, at four o'clock Mr Leavitt had been a hard working, industrious man for more than forty five years, with good health, until within a year or two, since which time he had been troubled with a severe pain in his stomach by spells Last season his family thought he aggravated the trouble by mowing a stout piece of oats by hand. Since that time he had been subject to more frequent and severe attacks of the same nature but had been so often relieved by rubbing, and by counter irritants, until about twelve o'clock Wednesday night, when he was taken with a violent attack which was like former ones, but which did not yield to former treatment A doctor was sent for, but Mr Leavitt was dead when he arrived From the symptoms given and appearance of the body, he thought he died of neuralgia around the heart

Mr. Leavitt was born in Newport Maine, December 31, 1823, and consequently was sixty-seven years, one month and twelve days old His parents moved into Newburgh when he was a boy, where they died, and where he resided until his death

Mr. Leavitt was twice married His first wife was Miss Sally Thomas, of Newburgh, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The two sons survive him, one living in Boston. The other lives in Newburgh, near the old home.

His second wife was Miss Martha Mudgett, of Newburgh, by whom he had four children, two sons and two daughters; one son and the two daughters survive him, and with their widowed mother constitute the household, so recently made sad by death. The widow is left to mourn the loss of a kind and indulgent husband, the children a kind and loving father, and the community loses a valuable citizen.

From Castine.

run from Castine to Rockland, commencing July 1st and continue ten weeks

All of the real estate of the late N B Mansfield has been sold by C H Hooper to different parties at a reasonable price

Capt Edwin Ordway has bargained for the schooner Charlie Sprague, of Round Pond Capt Wardwell will take the schooner D P Patchen formerly commanded by Capt Ordway

Mr I I Shephard has been confined to his house by sickness

Capt Gardner is improving slowly

The town school close Friday March 13th

There are quite a number sick with colds and a little pneumonia in mild form

North Brook Island of New York has presented the town with ten volumes of valuable books for the town library This makes about 110 volumes he has given the town within a year

Dyspepsia

Makes the life a burden, causing distress after eating, sick headache, heartburn, sour stomach, etc. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

DRY UP

your tears. Shout the glad tidings. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the genuine Indian remedy made by the Indians from Herbs and Barks, cures all diseases arising from a deranged liver, or Disease of the Blood. Sagwa cures Constipation, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite Scrofula, Rheumatism and Chills and Fever No Pains, no Tears, no Sighs no Sobs if you restore your health with Sagwa. For sale at all Druggists

KICKAPOO INDIAN SALVE. An excellent Dressing for Sores or Cancers, Piles and all kinds of Skin Diseases. This Salve is made of Real Buffalo Tallow, combined with Medicinal properties of healing Herbs, Roots, Barks, etc. Only 25 cents a package. Get it. Don't be without it.

Dr. Rossi's Pills

Is the title of one of the most interesting stories of Washington Life ever written It is from the pen of

Henry R. Elliott,

is copyrighted, and illustrated in a manner that adds largely to the interest of the text.

The story is founded on the celebrated

French Spoliation Claims

that have been before Congress for nearly a century The darker sides of Government Claim Hunting are pathetically set forth, and the descriptions of the social life of the Capital, the experience of the lobbyists, and the romance of the hero tend to make a story that will delight all readers.

We Shall Publish this Story

in this paper The first installment will soon appear.

Small Pig Pams,

For Boars.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

O. A. BOUTELLE, Editor

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1891

Will Lead to Great Confusion.

[Portland Press.]

There is, we understand, a scheme on foot to tack on an amendment to the Australian bill, making the adoption of the system optional with the towns. It is unnecessary to say that this move emanates from sources unfriendly to the system and is intended to defeat it. *Firmly as we believe in the Australian system, we should rather see the bill defeated altogether than to see it passed with this amendment, which will set up two electoral systems in Maine, and necessarily lead to great confusion. We certainly hope that none of the friends of the bill will listen for a moment to any compromise of this sort.*

Let the Republicans Stand Firm.

That the Australian ballot bill escaped defeat in the Maine House on Friday by a tie vote is ominous. There must be a redoubling of exertions on the part of the friends of the reform, for it would be a great disappointment to fail now. There is no room to doubt that the proposed change is warmly approved by public sentiment in Maine.—*Boston Journal.*

Our Boston contemporary grinds out this monotonous tune with clock like regularity, but we have already proved from its own columns that it does not know the first thing about the situation in Maine on the ballot question. It bases its statement that the "proposed change is warmly approved by public sentiment" on the grossly inaccurate figures that appeared in its columns pretending to give the number of the petitioners for the bill. These figures were just ten times too large, or 80,000 instead of 8,000, but although its attention has been called to the error the *Journal* does not appear to think that a small mistake of 72,000 names is worthy of correction. All this only goes to show the careless manner in which much of the comment intended to influence the Legislature is written.

The people of Maine do not favor "this proposed change" and we are extremely gratified at the manifest evidence that the Legislature appreciates this fact. The more the members study the previous vote the more significant will it become. Where is the support of this bill in the House? Among the Democratic members, who, acting under the instruction of a party caucus, gave their solid vote in its favor. If the bill should pass it will be successful only by reason of a solid Democratic vote aided by a small Republican minority. This shows what would be the fate of the small towns if the bill with its optional clause should once get upon the statute books. There would be just the same combination to force it upon the towns.

The seventy-one Republicans should stand as firm as a rock on this question. The Democrats have made it a political question pure and simple by the party caucus. Their members have been bound to its support as a matter of party expediency, the Democrats believing that their interests would best be subserved by this secret closet system of voting. They have made the issue and now let the Republicans accept it. The question for the members to decide is whether a Democratic party caucus shall shape legislation in a Republican House. When the minority Republicans see the real status of the case and realize that they are standing with the Democrats who are acting under party instruction, we believe that many of them at least will hasten to place themselves in line with their party.

There is no reform in the bill which at the best is a mere mongrel affair, thrown together regardless of the Constitution or the confusion that it will cause in our elections. Maine does not want it and the Legislature will have the approval of the people when the dangerous scheme is killed.

A Valuable Representative.

The Lewiston *Journal* ought to be proud of its Democratic Bangor correspondent he is such a versatile prevaricator. He can serve the same story up for a Republican or Democratic paper, merely making his charges refer to the one party or the other according to the policies of the paper publishing the same. To illustrate, he has the same article in the Lewiston *Journal* and the Bangor *Commercial* regarding the election in this city. In the one, however, he makes it appear that the Democrats were the corruptionists and in the other the Republicans. Any one but an ass would see the folly of such statements. We do not know how much money the Democrats had to use, but we do know that the Republican City Committee did not have a dollar beyond the amount necessary to make the regular canvass of the city. While we deprecate the result of the election we have no hesitation in saying that the men responsible for the success of the Democratic candidate for Mayor are not the kind of men who sell their votes in flocks or singly. But if it were admitted that bribery were practiced, surely the recent elections in Canada afford striking evidence that the Australian ballot is no remedy. We recently called the attention of the *Journal* to some interesting evidence on this point, but it was conveniently blind at the time.

The Reason.

The Democrats carried Bangor yesterday by fully 500 plurality. Will our esteemed contemporary, THE BANGOR WHIG, tell us what the matter was? No Australian ballot was used at the caucuses, so it could not have been a revolt against that system.—*Portland Press.*

Having stultified itself in the ballot controversy by indorsing the very thing it had previously repudiated, the remarks of the *Press* on this subject are hardly entitled to consideration, but we will answer its question. The trouble in this city was that a minority of Republicans united with the Democrats and elected the Democratic Mayor. These Republicans declined to present or suggest any candidate and then went against the nominee of their party chosen in the regularly called caucus. The particular feature which the *Press* seems to have overlooked, however, is the complete refutation of the claim that a secret ballot is essential to independent voting.

[The Lewiston Journal Chronicle, Feb. 28.]

Blaine Ballot Reform.

A contemporary makes an attack upon Assessor Dibble because he has had some self-assurance enough to oppose the proposition to substitute for our present efficient election system a mongrel adaptation of a foreign ballot law which was never designed to meet the wants of a republican country in which it is the usage to have a great number of elective officers.

The paper in question has falsely assumed that there is a popular demand for such a change, but the facts do not bear out the assumption. When it was proposed in the Republican State Convention to indorse the Australian scheme no considerable number of the delegates rose to that the plank did not commend itself to the people. There is stronger evidence that this was the case in the fact that every Republican who refused to be coerced into indorsing the demand for an Australian ballot system, and who was boycotted in consequence, ran ahead of his ticket.

The *Chronicle* has repeatedly shown why the proposed change would result disadvantageously to the State, and is firmly convinced that if the people thoroughly understood the subject some who are now professing a desire for reform would cease their advocacy of the so-called Australian system. The fact that he new law would entail heavy expenditures for advertising purposes and the printing of tickets is kept in the background as is the equally important matter that this expenditure will be made simply to enable the blatant blatherskites who are a ways parading as reformers to run for office without incurring any personal expense.

If the bill now before the Legislature should become a law in the course of a few years there would be a score of sideshow parties demanding the printing of the names of their candidates. We have been measurably afflicted in the past by "piece clubs," and have endeavored to prevent their depredations by stringent laws. But now under the cloak of reform it is coolly proposed to legalize the nasty business. Under the guise of the Australian system any Tom, Dick and Harry who can muster two or three thousand followers is to be permitted to preyupon the regular party organizations. The provisions of the bill are such that any cunning schemer can get together a party, which he may hold as a club over the heads of reputable candidates to bleed them for money. Indeed, the plan would be perfectly feasible under the proposed law for one schemer to run three or four legalized piece clubs and make a nice thing of it.

If the bill held out any promise of genuine reform, the people might be content to have saddled upon them a large expense account, and might even consent to put up with the new system of piece clubs which the bill provides for. But it is notorious that the measure, if enacted into a law, will open wide the door to the very kind of fraud it proposes to prevent. It is urged by the alleged reformers that under the present system men can be bought to cast a vote, and then be compelled to keep their bargain by being watched. But the new law actually provides the machinery for successfully carrying on the game of corruption by making it possible for a voter to have a ticket fixed up for him to deposit which he can by no possibility change.

Under the existing law no coercion could possibly be practiced if there was the slightest spark of independence in the voter. It is notorious that when the new Constitution was adopted strenuous efforts were made to intimidate voters, but the vest-pocket ballot defied every attempt of the kind, and in the precincts where the opponents of the measure imagined they ruled the roost it was found that the California secret ballot had proved too much for them.

There is no reasonable ground for demanding a change from our present system. If there was the *Chronicle* would not be found in opposition to the measure. But assured as we are that any person, or any number of reputable persons, desirous of organizing a party can do so with ease under the present law, we cannot refrain from denouncing as humbugging misrepresentations assertions to the contrary. In the face of the fact that O'Donnell received over twenty thousand votes for Mayor in the late election it is preposterous to charge that independent candidates are denied a chance at present.

Special Notices.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT UNITED STATES BRANCH

Royal Insurance Comp'y,

OF LIVERPOOL, ENG.

ASSETS, DEC 31, 1890

Real Estate owned by the Company, unincumbered	$1,816,200 10
Stocks and Bonds owned by the Company, Market value	2 982,480 00
Loans secured by collaterals	85,000 00
Cash in the Company's principal office and in bank	984,687 17
Interest due and accrued	5,811 66
Premiums in due course of collection	476,772 11
Other property	21,049 28
Aggregate of all the admitted assets of the Company at their actual value	$5,973,780 32

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1890

Net amount of unpaid losses and claims	$445 512 00
Amount required to safely reinsure all outstanding risks	3,134 975 19
All other demands against the Company, viz commissions, etc	209,988 23
Total amount of liabilities, except capital stock and net surplus	3,790,475 22
Surplus beyond capital	2,183,304 10
Aggregate amount of liabilities including net surplus	5,973 780 32

SCULL & BRADLEY, Managers.

GIDEON SCULL, FREDK BRADLEY, GEO F. FIELD.

Blake, Barrows & Brown,

AGENTS AND ATTORNEYS

All losses promptly adjusted and paid at office

9 Centre St., Bangor, Me.

march11—2t—april 8

Bonds Bonds

If you want to invest your money in securities that are as safe and reliable as city bonds, call on

T. G. STICKNEY.

feb16 eMWF ss tf

MISS NELLY STEVENS

—WILL GIVE—

Two Piano Recitals

—IN—

CITY HALL,

Tuesday, March 17th.

MATINEE AT 3.

Evening Concert at 8. Doors open at 2.30 and 7.30.

Prices Season Tickets, $1.00, reserved seats, 75 cents, admission, 50 cents.

Matinee—Adults, 50 cents; children, 35 cents.

Sale of seats opens on Wednesday, March 11th, at D. Bugbee & Co's, at 9 o'clock.

Those holding advance reserved seats can exchange them on Tuesday, March 10th.

march9

A Thoughtful Act.

A few hours from one of the busiest quarters of Boston lived a woman who was struggling for a living by taking boarders. Her only son was a clerk working for a moderate salary. By a fortunate chance he was induced to insure his life for $10,000. Very soon after the policy was issued, the young man caught a severe cold and died within a few days. His mother, who had depended largely on his help to complete her establishment, obtained the money in due course and has since been able to live comfortably without his aid. Imagination will suggest what might have been her fate if she had not received the assistance accorded to her by her son's thoughtful act.—Chronicle.

There is time in

The Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co.

H. N. FAIRBANKS, - - General Agent.

BANGOR, MAINE.

march7 ss 1w

Steam Engine.

Notice is hereby given that having will be granted all persons interested in the business of the A. & P. Steamboat Co., for leave to erect a steam engine at the wharf of the above company on the foot of Exchange street, on the 31st day of March next.

Bangor, March 9th, 1891.

FRED P. FIELD, City Clerk.

march9

City of Wichita,

KANSAS,

Six Per Cent. Bonds,

—FOR SALE BY—

F. M. C. REYNOLDS & CO,

ma oh7

NEW YORK, MAINE & N. B. S.S. CO.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NEXT SAILING DATES.

Steamer LUCY P. MILLER

will sail from Pier 49, East River, New York, WEDNESDAY, March 11th

For Bucksport, (weather permitting) and will continue to make regular trips between New York and Bucksport, until leaves Bangor.

For further information apply to

H. C. QUIMBY & CO., Eastern Agents,

19 Exchange Street, Bangor

or to

F. F. SMITH & CO., General Managers,

17 and 19 William Street, New York.

feb28 eu

Drive Twist.

We would call your attention to

Eaton's Celebrated

CREAM WINTERGREENS,

—AND—

PEPPERMINTS,

They are very fine; equal to Boston or New York made goods. We are selling a great many for Whist Parties. We make and deliver them the day wanted.

EATON'S CANDY STORE,

7 GRANITE BLOCK.

East Market Square.

feb27 sn

DIED.

In Garland, March 9th, Mr. H. H. Gordon, aged 82 years.

In Fairbury, Neb., March 5th, Silas S. Pike, formerly of Carmel, Me., aged 72.

MARRIED.

In Carmel, March 4th, by L. F. Toothaker, Esq., Mr. Howard O. Tuttle, of Plymouth, and Miss Laura A. Smith, of Dixmont.

Maine Journal.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON—Ar 9th, schs W. H. Childs, Childs, Apalachicola; Clara Rankin, Sprague, Perth Amboy.

CHARLESTON—Ar 8th, sch Etta J. A. Simpson, Thompson, Belfast.

COLES RIVER—Sld 8th, sch C. C. Morrison, Baltimore.

HYANNIS—Returned 8th, sch Lizzie Cochran. Passed W—sch Jennie F. Willey.

NEW ORLEANS—Ar 6th, 6th, sch Joseph M. Fitzpatrick, Newman, Manilla.

NEW HAVEN—Ar 8th, sch Mary E. Morse, Sawyer, Norfolk.

PORT TOWNSEND—Sld 2d, ship Kennebec, Lowe, San Francisco.

PENSACOLA—Ar 7th, sch Nina Tillson, Green, Rockport.

SALEM—Ar 8th, sch Rebecca M. Smith, Grace, Philadelphia.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at East London, March 8th, brig Harlan, Port Elizabeth.

Ar at Hong Kong, March 6th, ship Abner Coburn, Nichols, New York.

In port Jan 29th, ship St. Nicholas, Carver, New York; Lucy A. Nichols, Nichols, do.

Ar at Havana, March 3d, brig H. H. Wright, Lunt, Philadelphia.

Ar at Mauritius, Feb 28th, Jennie S. Hall, Watts, Mobile.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

New York, March 10. Money 2 to 4, last loan 3½, closing at 3.

Prime Mercantile paper 5@6½.

Sterling Exchange — 4 8 — 0 for 60 days and 4 88 for demand.

Government bonds dull.

Railroad bonds steady.

STOCKS			
Adams Express	144	Ont & Western	10
American Express	115	Oregon Trans Co	17½
Central Pacific	42⅝	Pacific Mail	38
Ches & Ohio	12¾	Pullman Palace	190
Chicago & Nor	124	Reading	23½
" preferred	000	Rock Island	64½
Chic Bur & Quincy	000	St Louis & San Fran	9
Del Hudson	123¼	" Preferred	60
Del Lack	133¾	St. Paul	53½
Den & Rio Grande	16⅝	" Preferred	110
Erie	18	St Paul Minn & Man	104
" preferred	50	St Paul & Omaha	32
Ills. Central	91	" Preferred	74
Ind Bloom & West	000	Texas Pacific	17
Lake Erie & West	13¼	Union Pacific	44
Lake Shore	106½	U S Express	63
Louisville & Nash	72¾	Wabash, St L & Pac	8¾
Manhattan El	102	" Preferred	17¾
Mich Cent	90½	Western Union	80½
Minn & St L	000	BONDS	
" preferred	0	4s reg	120¼
Mo. Pacific	65¼	4s Coup	121½
N J Cent	114	4½s reg	102
Northern Pac	27	4½s coup	102
" Preferred	71½	Cent Pac 1sts	108
Northwestern	102¼	Den & Rio G 1sts	117½
" Preferred	133	Erie Seconds	97¾
N. Y. Cent	103¼	Kan Pac Consols	110
N. Y. Chic & St. L	13	Oregon Nav 1sts	000
" Preferred	61	Union Firsts	109½
Ohio & Miss	15½		

Watertown, Mass. Cattle Market

WATERTOWN, March 10. Cattle market firm.

Market beef—Extra 6 00@7.00, first, 5 00@5 75, second, 4 75@5.00, third, 4 00@4.50.

Receipts of Cattle, 2,453.

Working oxen per pair—$40@135.

Farrow cows, 10@30, fancy, 40@60, milch cows and calves, 28.00@48.00, yearlings, 8.00 @ 16 00, two years, 19.00@29 00; three years, 20.00@32 00.

Swine,—Receipts, 18,104—Western, fat, live, 4 4½, Northern dressed, 4½@5.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1,137—in lots, 2 50@4.50, extra, 5.00@5.50, veal calves, 2½@5.

List of each Appealed Case and Indictment

for violations of the laws regulating the use and sale of intoxicating liquors, disposed of at the February Term, A. D. 1891, of the Supreme Judicial Court for Penobscot County, Maine.

State vs. Miles Whalen, Drunk, $5 00 fine, $8 64 costs. Fine and costs paid.

John O. Young, Search, $100 00 fine, $10 03 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Lawrence Tracey, Drunk, $10 00 fine. Fine paid.

Samuel Crocker, Search, $100 00 fine, $13.10 costs. Fine and costs paid.

John Mitchell, Search, six months County jail to hard labor.

Samuel Sickers, Search, $100 00 fine, $13 03 costs. Fine and costs paid.

James Perry, Search, $100 00 fine, $15.00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

James F. Singleton, Search, $100.00 fine, $11.00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Furber Flynt, Common drunkard. Verdict not guilty.

Fuller Flynt, Drunk. Verdict guilty.

Philip R. Shine, Search. Nol pros.

Lother E. Brauer, Search. $100.00 fine, $10 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Cornelius Brennan, Search, $100.00 fine, $10 00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Cornelius Brennan, Search, $100.00 fine, $10.00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Lothar E. Brauer, Search, $100.00 fine, $10 00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Thomas Murray, Search. Nol pros. Liquors seized not found on premises described in the complaint.

Thomas Murray, Search. Nol pros. Liquors seized not found on premises described in the complaint.

John F. Kelley, Search, $100.00 fine, $10.00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Melvin M. Dickey, Drunk, $5 00 fine $8.00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Ellen Boyle, Search. Nol pros. Papers defective.

Wm. J. Cassidy, Search, $100.00 fine, $0.70 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Asa Spooner, Common seller, $100.00 fine, $15.00 costs. Fine and costs paid.

Attest: CHAS. F. SWEET, Clerk.

mch11

Special Meeting of Incorporators and Associates of Penobscot Central Railroad Company.

There will be a special meeting of the incorporators and associates of the Penobscot Central Railroad Company, at the Kenduskeag Hotel in Kenduskeag, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1891, at one o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

ARTICLE 1.—To see if the incorporators and associates will accept the act of the Legislature amendatory of the charter of said Company, approved February 16th, 1891.

ARTICLE 2.—To see if the corporators and associates will waive in whole or in part the conditions of their vote passed April 26th, 1889, relating to the leasing of their railroad to the Castine & Bangor Railroad Company (now the Castine Railway and Navigation Company.)

ARTICLE 3.—To see if the incorporators and associates will vote to lease the Penobscot Central Railroad, its franchise and all other property to the Castine Railway and Navigation Company, and if so, when, upon what terms and for what length of time, and to authorize some one to execute such lease in their behalf.

ARTICLE 4.—To see if the incorporators and associates will fix the amount of the capital stock.

By direction of Directors of Penobscot Central Railroad Company.

T. P. HAWKSHEIMER, Clerk.

Kenduskeag, March 14th, 1891.

mch11 td

By CHAS. S. FRARY, Auctioneer.

Valuable Estate AT AUCTION!

In Winterport, March 28th, at 11 o'clock A. M.

On the Premises,

Will be sold at public auction, the well known [illegible]

WANTED.

Travelling Salesman.

SHAW, HAMMOND & CARTY,

PORTLAND, - - - MAINE.

march11 1w

STATE OF MAINE.

CLERK'S OFFICE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT, PENOBSCOT COUNTY, BANGOR, Me., March 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that Charles M. Higgins of Eden, in the County of Hancock and State of Maine, has this day filed in the office, notice of his intention to apply at the April term, 1891, of said Court, for Penobscot County, for admission to the Bar.

CHAS. F. SWEET, Clerk.

march11 30d

Shaker Apple Sauce,

Fancy Cape Cod Cranberries,

Sweet Potatoes,

Friers' London Glass and Silver Polish Soap,

Are among the latest arrivals at our store.

THOMPSON & BELLOGG.

march11

Stillwater Log Driving Company.

The driving of logs for the Stillwater Log Driving Company for the ensuing season, will be let at auction to the lowest bidder, at the office of the Treasurer of said Company, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 10.30 o'clock A. M., the Directors reserving the right to reject any or all bids made.

Per Order,

T. S. MOOR, Treasurer.

Bangor, March 11th, 1891. 6m copy

JUST RECEIVED!

Olives in Pulk

—AND—

New Dutch Cheese,

SHERMAN & THOMPSON'S,

28 CENTRAL STREET

feb27

P. R. D. & I. CO.

The annual meeting of the Penobscot River Dam and Improvement Company, will be held at the office of the Clerk of said Company, No 40 Exchange Street, Bangor, on Tuesday, the 10th inst., at 10.30 o'clock A. M., for the election of officers and transaction of such business as may legally come before said meeting.

Per Order,

T. S. MOOR, Clerk

Bangor, March 2d, 1891. 7m copy

FRED H. DICKEY,

is this day admitted to the firm of

W. P. DICKEY & CO.

march10

$6.00! $6.00!

For the Next Week Only,

$6.00 Buys the Best Barrel of Flour in Bangor.

WARRANTED.

Don't forget the place

C. A. AVERILL & CO.

Granite Block, East Market Square.

march10

House Lots For Sale!

The increasing demand for lots near town, warrants the extension of French street northerly from its intersection with Broadway through thirteen acres of land situated east of said intersection and adjoining the land and house of Judge Goodenow. This extension made as soon as frost leaves the ground, will give frontage to a most desirable tier of lots on both sides of French street. Lot No 5 of the tier now fronting on Broadway, contains an exhaustless fountain of the purest water, to which a free right of way for water pipes will be given to all purchasers of lots. These 40 lots of large size on Broadway, French, Knox and Hancock streets, (the last two of said streets being laid out east from Broadway and crossing French street at right angles) will be sold alternately, thus leaving an adjoining lot to each purchaser, to whom preference in sale will be given if wished in the future. The old house on lot No 1 is now for sale or to be given away, to be taken to pieces, (not removed whole.) The plan of these valuable lots, twelve minutes walk from the Post Office, and also of other lots, may be seen at office of H. H. Gillin, and at residence of S. C. Harlow, Center street.

S. C. HARLOW,

march9 MWS 131 Center Street

Cheaper Gas.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bangor Gas Light Company, holden January 14th, 1891, the following vote was adopted:

Voted, That from and after January 1st, 1891, the price of gas be reduced 20 cents per thousand feet, to wit, to $2.00 per thousand feet, the present discounts for payment in 30 days being continued as heretofore.

HENRY BOARDMAN, Clerk

Bangor, January 14th, 1891

march10 1w

New Arrival of

FLOUR.

Low Prices, at

CHAS. YORK & CO.'S.

march10

Farm For Sale in Levant,

About 82 acres of land, all tillage and free from stone, good buildings and blacksmith shop thereon, nine miles from Bangor and one mile from Levant village, about 18 acres ready for a crop, several fine springs furnish plenty of water. School house near. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

JOHN T. BOWLER

Register of Deeds Office, Bangor

march9 d&w

NOTICE.

The undersigned have disposed of all their interest in the business, for many years conducted by James A. Robinson, on the corner of West Market Square.

JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT.

J. G. CLARK.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of James A. Robinson & Son, and will continue the clothing business in all its branches at the old stand, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

JAMES A. ROBINSON,

FRANK A. ROBINSON,

Bangor, March 10th, 1891

march10

Maine State Bar Association.

All members of the Bar of the State of Maine who are desirous of forming a State Bar Association, are invited to meet for purposes of organization with the gentlemen named in the Act creating the Maine State Bar Association, passed by the present Legislature, in the rooms of the Judiciary Committee, State House, Augusta, Wednesday evening, March 18th, at 7 30 o'clock.

CHARLES F. LIBBY,

One of the Incorporators.

march10 td

A NEW LINE OF WALL PAPERS

Good Gilt Papers at 20 Cents a Roll.

CHAS. HIGHT.

feb17

MR. GEO. E. CUSHING

PIANIST,

Will furnish a limited number of musicians for dancing parties.

Orders left at 76 Main Street, will receive prompt attention.

oct30

Special Notice.

Send an order by letter or postal card for one of

CARY'S

Superior Sugar Cured Smoked Hams.

Try them, you will make no mistake.

Fresh Hams received to cure and smoke with receive the same careful attention as my own.

FRANK CARY,

jan30 West Hampden, Me. dawlm

Liver Pills,

N. A. M.

Wanted, Lost, Found, To Let, etc

Advertisements under the head of wanted, lost, found, to let, &c., not exceeding four lines, 10 cents each insertion when prepaid. When not prepaid, regular advertising rates will be charged.

WANTED to Let. A drive of logs on Birch, Olamon and Great Works Streams, mostly hemlock. Apply to C. L. Hathaway, Passadumkeag, Me.

7w feb23

FOR RENT. A convenient tenement for small family; good location; near business part of city. Inquire of E. S. Gorham, 16 State Street or 9 First Street. march11

WANTED. Meat and pastry cooks wanted at once. Also table, kitchen and laundry help and girls for house-work. First class places and good wages. Apply at headquarters for help. Bangor Employment Agency, 74 Main Street. Established 11 years. 2t march11

WANTED. At 60 Broadway, a thoroughly competent girl, for general housework, except washing. Apply evenings at 118 Essex street.

feb28

WANTED. A strong, capable second girl. Apply at 48 French Street.

feb27

WANTED. Position wanted by a nurse. Can give good reference. Has had much experience with diphtheritic patients. Call on or address Mrs. Mary E. Crosby, Hampden Corner, Maine.

FTuWSw

For Rent.

Lofts and basement in store, 44 Exchange St.

M. LINCOLN.

march6

J. WATERMAN,

THE BOSS CLOTHIER

OUR VALENTINE.

This is as good a way as any of sending your own valentine. The letter carrier will thank us for resorting to this method and you are certain to receive it at the right time. We are entirely in sympathy with the gentle custom which St. Valentine inaugurated, but our sympathies do not end there. For instance, we sympathize with those who do not know a good thing when they see it. Some things may create doubts in your mind as to whether they are good or not, but our

OVERCOATS

—AND—

CLOTHERS

do not belong to that category. You will not be apt to hesitate if you will call and see for yourself how deep we have

Cut the Prices.

Our Clearance Sale has proved a perfect success, a genuine Bonanza for our numerous Friends and Customers. They do not wish to be humbugged, but appreciate the numerous Trades we now offer in all our

Winter Clothing.

Come to Headquarters and you will never make a mistake, by being tempted by the numerous plums now offered at

LINCOLN'S

"Boss" Strictly One-Price Clothing House,

73, 75 AND 77 EXCHANGE STREET.

BANGOR.

feb9

OLD PAPERS,

In any Quantity For Sale at

THIS OFFICE.

jan21

Easter Booklets and Cards

in great variety just received

D. BUGBEE & CO

march7

Kentucky Jackson,

—AT—

Lynch & Callagher's,

EXCHANGE STREET.

MERCANTILE PRINTING.

Of Every Description.

Ball and Society Work

Executed in the Highest Style of the Art.

Printed or Engraved Wedding or Visiting Cards done at Short Notice,

—AT THE—

WHIG AND COURIER JOB OFFICE

E. A. BURR, Prop.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

All Traveling Expenses Included.

A party will leave BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1, for a

Special Trip

—TO—

THE SOUTH PACIFIC.

There will be a choice of Sound Line or All-Rail Route between Boston and New York. Five Days will be passed in Washington, with headquarters at Willard's Hotel and the Rhoda House. A carriage ride to the Public Buildings and other places of interest, and a Steamer Trip to Mount Vernon.

MONDAY, APRIL 20. Excursions to California, the Pacific Northwest, Alaska, the Yellow stone National Park, etc.

Send for descriptive circulars, designating whether Washington trip or Pacific Coast tours are desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,

296 Washington Street, opposite School Street, Boston, Mass.

march9 3t

LADIES' JACKETS.

Infants' Short Cloaks,

Infants' Long Dresses,

Infants' Short Dresses,

Infants' Bibs,

Infants' Socks,

Infants' Shawls,

Embroidered Flannel.

50 and 55 MAIN ST.

First of the Season

—IN—

Early Greens and Vegetables

—AT—

Fickett & Mason's Market.

WILL HAVE

Dandelion Greens, Spinach,

Radishes, Lettuce,

Rhubarb, Parsley,

Celery,

New Onions, Cucumbers,

And the Finest Brand of Horse Radish in the Market.

mar11

THE SAFEST SAVINGS! FOR

BONDS

CITY OF BANGOR

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

And other Securities of the highest character, for the Investment of Savings and Trust Funds, for sale at Lowest Current Rates by

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS,

—AND PROPRIETORS OF THE—

Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults,

NO. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK,

BANGOR, - - - - - MAINE.

d&w

BANGOR PAPER STORE

Spring Opening,

Having completed repairs and alterations in our store which will largely increase our facilities for the display of the above goods, we now have nearly 120,000 feet of floor space, making this the largest store in Eastern Maine devoted to this class of goods. Our entire line of new designs in Carpetings is now open for inspection and consists of a choice assortment of Body Brussels, Moquette, Tapestry Brussels, Extra Supers and Ingrains.

Our selection of the above goods being made from the entire line of Private Patterns controlled by the well known firms of W. & J. Sloane, of New York, and J. H. Pray Sons & Co., of Boston, is a sufficient guarantee that we are enabled to present to our patrons the best the market affords as selected by a buyer of thirty years experience in the trade.

OUR PAPER HANGING DEPARTMENT was never more complete than at this time, as we have placed on exhibition since January 1st over 15,000 rolls of new designs. Prices range from 5 cents to 82 per roll.

In our DRAPERY DEPARTMENT we are showing a most attractive line of light and heavy fabrics suitable for Window and Door Drapings and are prepared to give estimates and execute any order for Draperies and Window Shades at the lowest prices and in a workmanlike manner.

Prices in every department will be made as low as consistent with standard quality and guaranteed workmanship.

A. H. ROBERTS & SON,

NO. 7 Main Street.

mar9 1w MWF

A Genuine Bargain.

Just an Even

100 CHILDS' SUITS,

For school wear, sizes 4 to 14 years, at

$1.20 PER SUIT.

These Goods are worth fully $2.00 per suit and will go quick.

Bangor Clothing Store,

MEYER M. LEVY, Proprietor,

3 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK,

UNDER PUBLIC LIBRARY.

feb24

A Ready for Business

For nearly four weeks we have been engaged in remodelling and repairing our store, and now, with an elegant new front and show windows, new hard wood floor and newly painted throughout, it would hardly be recognized as the same store. We hardly know the place ourselves. We most cordially invite all our friends and the public generally to call and see us and look over the new spring goods which are now ready for inspection.

New Spring Dress Goods,

New Outing Flannels,

New Ginghams,

—AND AN ELEGANT LINE OF—

Spring Jackets,

Give us a call. We think you will appreciate our greatly improved facilities for showing goods.

LORD & BRAGDON,

18 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

mar9

SMOKE

McCOY & CO.'S

DIMMITY CIGARS.

ARMBRUSTER & CO.,

N. E. AGENTS,

709 Commercial St. Boston.

10 CENTS.

Prince Richard Judy, 25 Cents.

Prince Hal Mixed Bunch, 15 Cents.

Entertainments.

DANCING AND SKATING

—EVERY—

WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

Afternoon and Evening.

—AT—

NOROMBEGA HALL.

feb9

Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

One easy terms, a farm in Orrington, five miles from Bangor. Cut [illegible] hay the present year. Apply [illegible]

aug19

For Rent.

Large store on [illegible] now occupied by [illegible] possession given April 1st. [illegible]

feb8

FRIERS'

London Glass and Silver Polishing Soap.

NO GRIT. NO [illegible]

Will clean and polish [illegible] and few [illegible] splendid for [illegible]

10 Cents Per Box.

JAMES H. SNOW & CO.,

25 West Market Square.

THE BICKFORD

[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

feb26

BETTER THAN EVER

THE WHIG AND COURIER FOR 1891

With the [illegible] publication on [illegible] the first [illegible] hope to merit [illegible] the [illegible] himself in [illegible] excellence [illegible] to the [illegible] fractious [illegible] extremely.

THE DAILY WHIG

[illegible] the best [illegible] while at the same [illegible] publishers are [illegible] political paper [illegible] on its own merits, [illegible] a hearty welcome [illegible] household [illegible] daily paper the WHIG [illegible] as it does all [illegible] fractious [illegible] extremely.

Low rate of $1 00 a year in Advance.

ASSOCIATED PRESS

[illegible]

A First Class Family Newspaper

[illegible] THE WHIG AND COURIER will [illegible] of going to press [illegible] whole week [illegible] amount of [illegible] General matter [illegible] Market Reports [illegible] Weights and [illegible]

The WEEKLY WHIG is [illegible] the best Family and Agricultural [illegible] while at the same time [illegible] publishers are [illegible] political paper [illegible] on its own merits, [illegible] a hearty welcome [illegible] household [illegible] daily paper the WHIG [illegible] as it does all [illegible] fractious [illegible] extremely.

THE WHIG AND COURIER

[illegible]

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

[illegible] largest [illegible] paper [illegible] in Eastern Maine.

Forty [illegible]

[illegible] frequently [illegible] issue a double [illegible] an edition [illegible]

Subscribe [illegible]

J. HENRY WHARFF, D. D.

13 STATE STREET, BANGOR, ME.

All kinds of Dentistry [illegible] successfully treated.

Broken legs, arms [illegible] scientific manner.

Internal Medicine [illegible] care!

Bruises and sprains [illegible] Inspections [illegible] furniture to perfect [illegible] reasonable. Consultation [illegible]

Office hours from [illegible] M.

NOTICE.

The following named [illegible] have duly qualified [illegible] Police Force of the City of [illegible]

DENNIS J. GREEN,

LEVI LYNN WHITE,

GEO. F. HATHAWAY,

CHAS. F. FIELD,

OLIER A. JACOBS,

JOHN B. WEED,

MICHAEL J. FINNIGAN,

LORENZO DONOVAN,

FRANCIS J. GALLAGHER,

LORENZO D. COWING,

JAMES B. MCMANUS.

Bangor, Feb. 9th, 1891.

EDWARD CONNERS,

JOHN F. WOODMAN,

ARTHUR C. JOHNSON,

feb10

BISHOP'S

Combination Sale and Boarding Stable

FRANKLIN ST., - BANGOR, ME.

Horses, carriages, harness, robes, furniture and pianos, exchanged, bought and sold on commission.

AUCTION SALES EVERY SATURDAY AT 11 A. M.

Commencing February 28th.

Horses boarded from $2.50 to $6.00 per week. Private turnouts and gentlemen's driving horses will receive superior attention.

Parties coming from out of town will find [illegible] accommodations for baiting.

There will be a gentlemanly coachman in attendance at all times.

Your cheerful servant,

G. H. BISHOP.

feb19

HAVE YOUR Pictures Framed

now. It will not cost you anything to call at [illegible] Main Street, (opposite New Opera House) and see the Spring styles and prices. We make the remarkably low prices we are marking on Frames, Artistic Materials, etc. We offer our entire stock for sale at a great bargain. [illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Mail and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1891.

FOR ADDITIONAL DESPATCHES SEE FIRST PAGE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

MAINE LEGISLATURE.

Resolve in Favor of Erection of Eastern Maine Hospital.

Congressional Apportionment Bill Passed to be Engrossed.

AUGUSTA, March 10. In the Senate a quiet session was held and little business was transacted.

Mr Smith, of Lincoln, introduced a petition to incorporate the North Whitefield and Gardiner Telegraph and Telephone Company.

Mr. Moore, of Cumberland, introduced a bill providing that coroners shall not have jurisdiction over railroad fatalities, such jurisdiction being vested in the Board of Railroad Commissioners.

The Bill repealing the bounty on bears was indefinitely postponed.

At 10 50 o'clock, the houses went into joint convention for the purpose of electing a State Treasurer On balloting, the whole number of votes cast was 142; George I Beal, Republican, had 105 votes; Charles B. Morton, Democrat, 36; Gen. B. B. Murray 1.3, and the chairman declared Geo Real elected Treasurer

In the House the question of leaving the appointment of policemen in Lewiston to a board of commissioners to be appointed by the Governor was considered.

Mr Callahan, of Lewiston, opposed the bill He did not believe the State should interfere in local matters.

Mr Noblis, of Lewiston, favored the measure

Messrs Drew, of Fort Fairfield, White, of Bangor, Peaks, of Dover, and Osgood, of Lewiston, opposed it.

On motion of Mr. Dickey, of Lewiston, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Resolutions of respect were passed on the death of Mr. Trafton, of Norway, and a committee of the House was appointed to attend the funeral.

No new matters were introduced

Congressional Apportionment.

The bill to apportion the State for members of Congress was passed to be engrossed

The new apportionment bill maintains the lines of the Congressional districts as at present apportioned.

A petition from Charles V. Lord and E. B. Nealley that no railway shall be allowed to run within fifteen miles of the Katahdin Iron Works Railway, was presented in the House

The Eastern Maine Hospital

A resolve was presented in the House in favor of the erection, construction and completion of the Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Bangor.

It provides for the appointment of a commission of three to be appointed by the Governor, no more than two of whom shall belong to either of the leading political parties, with whom shall be joined the superintendent of the Maine Insane Hospital, that the sum of $375,000 be appropriated, that the chairman of the commission be a practical builder, who shall receive $5 a day and traveling expenses, the remaining commissioners to receive $3 per day and reasonable expenses.

Telegraph and Telephone Tax.

The Committee on Taxation voted last evening to tax the telegraph and telephone companies 3 per cent on their gross, earnings and the express companies 1½ per cent on their gross receipts.

It is thought that the Valuation Commission will report to the Legislature to-day. It is understood that the valuation decided upon is about 309½ millions for the entire State, an increase of between 73 and 74 millions over the valuation of ten years ago

COMING TO MAINE.

A Very Good Place to Come to.

HYANNIS, Mass, March 10. Rev. B. Brunning has accepted a call to the charge of the Universalist church at Bowdoinham, Maine, and will enter upon his duties April 1.

ESCAPED IN NIGHT CLOTHES.

Family Nearly Burned in the Flames

GARDINER, March 10. The residence and outbuildings owned and occupied by Edward R. Clary, on Mt. Vernon street, in this city, was totally destroyed by fire with their contents early this morning.

The family barely escaped in their night clothes The fire caught in the barn from a cause unknown, loss $2,000; insured in Neal's agency for $1,500.

PASTOR RESIGNED

To Go To Portland, Me.

LOWELL, Mass., March 10 Rev C. E. Gate has resigned the pastorate of the Mt. Vernon Free Baptist church in this city. He has received a call to Portland, Me.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Additional to Residents of Maine.

WASHINGTON, March 10 The following pensions have been granted to residents of Maine

Original invalid—Gardiner T. Coombs, Levi W. Hughes, Stephen S. Hubbard, Isaac F Davis, James Fitzpatrick, John H. Andrews, Daniel M. Knight, Alonzo F. Daggett, Zelotus B. Breed, Albion K. Daggett. Increase—Fred B. Aldus. Reissue and increase—Francis W. Richards Original, widows, etc.—Cynthia H., mother of Augustus B. P. Abbott; minors of Jno. F. Bickford; Sarah E., widow of Jno Leach, Sarah F, widow of George Coulbroth.

TAMPERING WITH THE MAILS.

Clerk in Eastport Post Office Arrested.

EASTPORT, March 10. Daniel Goulding, an eighteen years old clerk in the post office, was arrested to-day by Inspectors Bario and Pendleton, charged with tampering with the mails.

The arrest was a complete surprise to the whole community and much sympathy is expressed by all for the unfortunate boy, both on account of his youth and his family connections. He will be taken to Portland for a hearing before the United States Commissioner.

GIRLS CAUSED HIS DEATH.

Man Struck and Killed by a Train.

PALMER, Mass., March 10. Andrew Mihoseki, a Polander, aged about twenty-six, was killed by the noon train on the Ware River Road at Ware to-day.

Some girls were now boiling him and in

NO NEWS IS GOOD NEWS.

No Information Concerning Breaks of Louisiana Levees.

Much Apprehension Felt About Safety of Some of Them.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10. No information concerning any breaks on the Louisiana line levees has been heard up to-day.

The state engineers are hopeful the dykes will successfully restrain the flood, though in the northern portion of the state there are several levees about whose stability some apprehension is felt.

The water has not reached the level of last years' flood. Many levees have been raised and strengthened and the engineers believe there is less danger than last year.

Business Suspended—City in Darkness.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 10. The city is in darkness to-night on account of the high water, which has interfered with the electric light and gas companies.

Tariff will be resumed on all railroads to-morrow. No mail was delivered to-day and business was practically suspended. No serious damage to property resulted and no further trouble is apprehended from the high water.

The river has reached 35 feet and 6 inches, but was gradually receding all day.

A SERIOUS EXPLOSION.

Several Persons Lose Their Lives in Glasgow Iron Works.

GLASGOW, March 10 The condenser used in the manufacture of ammonia at Dixon's iron works in this city, exploded to-day.

Three mangled bodies have been recovered from the ruins.

Four other bodies, including that of the manager of the works, Mr. Milne, are still buried in the debris.

A number of other people were injured.

FROM WASHINGTON.

News About the Capitol.

Government Deposits in National Banks

WASHINGTON, March 10. Acting Secretary Nettleton, of the Treasury Department, made the following statement this afternoon in regard to the report that the Department had decided to call in the Government deposits in the National banks

"The Government has no present or immediate need to use any part of the funds now in depository banks Doubtless during the next eight months part of such deposits will be required

"They will in such case be called in in installments only, on reasonable notice as heretofore. Inasmuch as these deposits when so called in doubtless will be disbursed to meet current requirements the Government funds so used will be almost immediately returned to the channels of business."

U S Minister Swift Dead

Secretary Blaine to-night received a cable message from Tokio, Japan, announcing the death of United States Minister John F. Swift at 7 to-night of heart disease.

FIRE RECORD.

Blaze in New York.

NEW YORK, March 10. Fire to-night in the five story stone front building, 51 Warren street, caused a damage to Weeks & Campbell, celluloid goods, of $10,000; N. J. Demarest & Co, harness, $3,000; Anthony Oeche, wine merchant, $1,000; building, $5,000. The origin is unknown.

CONNECTICUT.

Measures Acted Upon in the House

HARTFORD, March 10. The House today adopted a resolution appointing Dwight Loomis judge of the supreme court for eight years, and Edward I. Sanford judge of the superior court for eight years.

Communications were received from Governor Bulkley re-appointing Erastus R. Fyler, of Torrington, insurance commissioner for four years from July 1, and A. H. Fenn judge of the superior court for eight years.

The general appropriation bill was slightly amended by the committee and passeed.

RAILROAD RETRENCHING

Old Employes Being Replaced by Cheap Help

CHICAGO, March 10. The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad has decided to follow in the footsteps of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy in the matter of retrenchment. The working forces are being reduced and many old-time employes are being replaced by new and cheaper hands. There is much dissatisfaction among the many employes of the various departments. Superintendent Royce, whose territory embraces every mile of road west to Missouri, said this morning, "The railroads west depend almost entirely upon the crops. Last season's crops failed, hence the astonishing decrease in business. We are compelled to 'let out' high priced employes everywhere and replace them by cheaper men. This state of affairs will continue until the next good season for crops."

VERMONT.

Lumber Dealers Failed

BRATTLEBORO, March 10. I. K Allen & Co., local lumber dealers, have failed. The liabilities are estimated at $10,000; assets about $5,000.

THE POLICE DISMAYED

At Order of the Police Board.

NEW YORK, March 10. The Board of Police Commissioners went into secret session this afternoon to receive evidence on the statement that a fund of $7,000 had been raised by patrolmen to pass the bill now before the Legislature increasing their pay.

The board adopted a resolution ordering the superintendent of police to make a rigid examination and take measures looking to the arraignment in court of those who tried to influence legislation. This order has carried dismay into the ranks of the force.

THE COAL TRADE

In a Depressed Condition—Collieries Shut Down.

MT. CARMEL, Pa., March 10. The Mt. Carmel Shaft Colliery, one of the largest in the region, suspended indefinitely this evening, owing to the depressed condition of the coal trade. A thousand hands are thrown out. Other operators have but enough orders to work two or three days and unless trade brightens thousands of other hands will lose work in this valley.

The Alaska Shaft, Back Ridge and Bear Valley Colliery, at Shamokin, owned by the Reading Company, have shut down for an indefinite period for the same reason.

PROVED A FAILURE.

The Boasted Farmers' Alliance Disappointed.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 10. The State Legislature at noon to-day closed consideration of general legislative measures and from now to adjournment will consider nothing but appropriation bills.

The work of the Legislature has been a distinct disappointment to the Farmers' Alliance. They came to Topeka intending to institute all sorts of reforms, but return to their constituencies without having accomplished any, or at least any radical ones.

SHE DID HIS WASHING

And Naturally Wants Her Pay for It.

WATERBURY, Conn., March 10. A suit was entered this afternoon for $5,000 by Mrs. Rice against Rev. Palmer McAlleney, of Meriden. Mrs. Rice is a sister of the clergyman, and claims she has done his washing for ten years, and now sues to recover wages.

BOILERS MUST LOOK

Capacity and Steam Should Agree Hereafter.

ACUTE SUFFERINGS

Of People Imprisoned in Blockaded Trains in England.

Many Lives Lost in Vessels Struck by the Storm.

LONDON, March 10. At Lydd, a small seaport town of Kent, while the coast guard life boat was going to the rescue of the crew of a vessel in danger of the storm the life boat capsized and several occupants were drowned.

Near Hastings, Sussex county, five fishing smacks were wrecked and three fishermen drowned.

The mail boat plying between Dover and Calais reached Calais in a terribly battered condition after eighteen hours adrift in the channel.

A number of trains are blocked in the snow in different places along the various lines of railroad. In all cases the passengers suffered acutely and several persons are reported missing and are believed to have found death in the snow drifts.

This afternoon only meagre telegrams were received from various parts of England and Wales. The lines, according to these despatches,

Are Generally Blocked.

A despatch from Sheerness received this afternoon says the passengers bound for London from the continent were forced to stop at Sheerness as the trains were unable to proceed on account of the snow which blocks the lines.

The traffic on the Great Western Railway is completely blocked and trains on that road were caught in the storm and snowed up at different points.

A despatch from Harwich brings the information that the yacht Sapphire, owned by MacLarr of Glasgow, was driven ashore there during the gale. MacLarr was washed overboard and drowned.

Information from Cardiff this afternoon says the storm rages in that neighborhood with unabated fury and severity. A man was found frozen to death near Dorking, Surrey.

BEHRING SEA QUESTION.

A Communication from Lord Salisbury Made Public.

WASHINGTON, March 10. Sir Julian Pauncefote has received a communication from Lord Salisbury on the Behring Sea controversy, which he laid before Secretary Blaine.

Lord Salisbury says It is a matter of sincere satisfaction that the President is willing to refer to arbitration what he conceives to be matters under discussion between the two governments the last four years. In regard to the questions proposed by Mr. Blaine, I should say as to the first and second that no objection can be offered by Her Majesty's government. They are:

First—What exclusive jurisdiction in Behring Sea, what exclusive rights in

Seal Fisheries

therein, did Russia assert and exercise prior to the time of the cession of Alaska to the United States

Second—How far were these claims of jurisdiction as to seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain.

Third—Was the body of water now known as Behring Sea included in the phrase "Pacific ocean" as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia. What rights, if any, in the Behring Sea were given or conceded Great Britain by said treaty.

Her Majesty's government have

No Objection

to referring to arbitration the first part of that question with the reservation that they do not admit the decision of it can conclude the larger question as arbitrator would have to determine.

To the latter part of 3 it would be their duty to take exception. Great Britain has never suggested that any rights were given her or conceded to her by said treaty.

Fourth—Did not all rights of Russia as to jurisdiction and seal fisheries in

Behring Sea.

east of the water boundary in the treaty between the United States and Russia, of the 30th of March, 1867, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty. Great Britain is prepared to accept this without dispute.

Fifth—What are now the rights of the United States as to fur seal fisheries in Behring Sea outside the ordinary territorial limits, whether such rights grew out of the secession by Russia of any special rights or jurisdiction

Held by Her

in such fisheries.

The first clause would be very properly referred to the decision of the arbitrator. The subsequent clause which assumes that such rights could have grown out of the ownership of breeding islands and the habits of seals in resorting thereto involves assumption as to the prescriptions of international law at the present time to which

Her Majesty's

Government not prepared accede.

The sixth relating to establish the closed period in seal fishing deals with issues which will arise later.

DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

A Report on the Failure of the Crops and Present Condition.

DUBLIN, March 10. The Irish local government board has issued a report on the failure of the potato crop and the condition of the congested district. The report states that the districts in which the disease has appeared comprise about half the island.

Briefly put the report shows the small farmers in good circumstances, but are confronted with the scarcity of potatoes unprecedented in history, causing the deepest distress in the congested districts, and this distress is aggravated by the reluctance of local shop keepers to grant credit so early in the season, or before they are able to judge the harvest prospects.

The report shows that distress is yet on the increase. Relief applications are confined to congested districts of the west, and laboring and fishing classes south.

It is expected the pressure for relief will become more general between now and April.

SERIOUS BLAZE BUFFALO.

A Heavy Loss Caused by Fire In That City.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 10. A disastrous fire started between 1 and 2 o'clock this afternoon at the corner of Court and Pearl streets in Henry W. Burt's new six story building, occupied by the clothing house of C. V. Forbes & Co., and Sohorouth & Wobler, shoe manufacturers.

The fire made rapid headway. In five minutes after the engines arrived it leaped Pearl street and caught the Dental Company's buildings.

In half an hour the iron and brick Burt building was doomed. The wall of the building fell and one man was

Slightly Hurt.

The Tucker block, to the west of the fallen building, was in great danger, but was saved.

The Dental Company's building and Crowley Bros'. undertaker store were burned.

The total loss is about $200,000.

The heaviest losers are H. W. Burt, building, $40,000, insurance $30,000; C. V. Forbes & Co., loss $60,000, insurance unknown; Crowley Bros., loss $22,000, insurance partial; Buffalo Dental Co., loss $30,000, insurance $21,000; building owned by Harriet Nichols, loss $15,000, insurance $6,000; Sohorouth & Wobler, loss probably $40,000, insurance $25,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

RUMORS UNFOUNDED.

Brazilian Papers Received Containing the President's Decree,

Opening the Ports of that Country to the United States.

WASHINGTON, March 10. Brazilian newspapers have been received at the Department of State containing a decree by the President of Brazil declaring the ports of that country free and open to imports from the United States included in the recent reciprocity agreement, thus setting at rest the rumors current and assertions from various quarters that the Brazilian government did not recognize the validity of the treaty.

The Journal de Commercio, government organ, of Rio de Janeiro, of February 6th, in publishing the decree says:

The Commercial Interests

involved in this agreement are so vast and affect so greatly our intercourse with the rest of the civilized world, that we shall watch its effects with the greatest attention. Upon one point there exists no doubt. The agreement will be highly satisfactory to the Government of the United States, since it has for some time been warmly advocated by the press of that country, which is so well disposed toward us and grants us special favors refused by the nations of Europe.

HIGH WATER

The Heavy Rains Cause Some Damage.

BIRMINGHAM, Conn., March 10. The heavy rains of last night caused the Housatonic river to rise six or seven feet above its usual height and this morning the meadows were flooded in a number of places and roads were damaged.

The heavy volume of water coming down swept away sixty feet of the trestle. Repairs are in progress, causing a loss of $800. A number of houses and stores are flooded but not much damaged.

FAIR TO-DAY.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, March 10, 8 P. M.

Indications

For the next twenty-four hours for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair; warmer by Thursday southerly winds.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

(Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers' Association.)

WEDNESDAY, March 11, 1891

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 56 pounds and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds

The standard weight of a bushel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 60 pounds

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping is 62 pounds Of wheat, beets, ruta bagi turnips are, peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 57 pounds; of carrots, English turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds, of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds, of oats, 32 pounds, or even measure as by agreement

Country Produce.

APPLES—	
Per barrel.	$3 00@4.00
BEANS—	
Improved Yellow Eye, per bush	2 85@ .00
Pea, hand picked, per bush.	3.00@3.25
BUTTER—	
Choice new roll, per lb	18@20c
Fair to good.	16@17c
CHEESE—	
Best Factory, per lb (new)	10@11c
Best Dairy, per lb. (new)	11@12
DRIED APPLES—	
Choice strung, per lb.	8@10c
Choice sliced	10@11c
EGGS—	
Fresh laid, per doz	14@17c
HAY—	
Best loose, per ton.	8.00@10 00
Best bales	11 00@12 00
OATS—	
Prime country, per bush.	40c
Prime Western	40c
PEAS—	
Improved, per bush	2.25
Best Canada, whole	1.15@1.20
POTATOES—	
New, per bush	95@ c
PORK—	
Round hog, per lb.	5@5½c
POULTRY—	
Chickens	14@1 c
Fowls	15@ c
Ducks per pair	$1.00@1.25
Turkeys	18@20c
ONIONS—	
Per bbl	2.00@2.75

Retail Prices Current.

SALT—	
Bangor, ground, in boxes, per box	25c
English butter salt, in 14 lb. bags, per bag	25c
In 56 lb bags	75c
Liverpool, per bush	35c
Turks Island, per bush	40c
HERRING—	
English, scaled, in boxes, per box	45c
RAISINS—	
Loose Muscatels, per lb	7@8c
London layers	2 00@2c
Sultanas	15@20c
Valencias	10@12c
CURRANTS—	
English, per lb.	10@15c
KEROSENE OIL—	
120 test, per gallon	10@12c
160 test, per gallon	00@15c
VINEGAR—	
Pure cider, per gallon	25@30c
Pure W. W.	20c
FLOUR—	
Best Spring Hazall	$7 00@8.50
Best St Louis	6 25@6.50
Good family	5 75@6.00
CORN—	
Full weight	73@80c
CORN MEAL—	
50 lbs to bush.	60@65c
COTTON SEED MEAL—	
In sacks of 100 lbs	.00@1.40
OATS	00@62
SHORTS—	
St. Louis bran, in sacks	1.35@00
Milwaukee, per hundred	1.30@00
MIDDLINGS—	
Fine, per hundred	1.40@00
Coarse	1 40@00

Breadstuffs, Grain, etc.

OATMEAL—	
Best Scotch, per lb	5c
Best Irish	5c
Best Canada	4c
RYE MEAL—	
Per pound	4c
GRAHAM FLOUR—	
Per pound	5c
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—	
Per pound	6c
PORK—	
Country, clear, per lb	6@6c
Western	6@6c
SUGAR—	
Granulated, per lb	7c
Extra C	6¾
LARD—	
Bulk, from tierces, per lb	6¾ 10c
Home, in pails	10¾ 00c

The fishermen who have gone from this city to the various ponds and lakes after trout and pickerel continue to have good luck and many of the toothsome fish have been obtained. Not much time remains, however, for those who desire to fish through the ice, as the sun will soon begin to make it unsafe to pursue the sport. Some fishing parties are already being made up to go to Moosehead Lake as soon as the ice leaves, and try the early trout fishing. Several of the lake steamers will be chartered and the customary large hauls will doubtless be obtained. The early trout which are obtained at the lake are of especially appetizing flavor and they are always in the best possible condition.

New Advertisements.

Fickett & Nason have early greens and vegetables, dandelions, spinach, lettuce, celery, new onions and lots of other things too numerous to mention.

Blake, Barrows & Brown are agents for the Royal Insurance Co., of Liverpool.

A special meeting of the incorporators and associates of the Penobscot Central R. R. Co. will be held at Kenduskeag March 25th. See notice.

The desirable homestead of the late Silas Alden will be sold at public sale, March 25, at 11 o'clock. See advertisement.

The driving of logs for the Stillwater Log Driving Co. will be let on March 18th.

Shaker apple sauce, cranberries, etc., at Thompson & Kellogg's.

See notice of intention to apply for admission to the Bar.

A traveling salesman is wanted by Shaw, Hammond & Carney, Portland.

Business Items.

Cigarettes made from Kentucky leaf tobacco are a delicate luxury. On Tuesday, in new form, off, 10c. Sold everywhere. Beach cigarettes from a cube to another, and finally is Kentucky's Delicate Cigarette.

LOCAL MATTERS

Special Rates.

For special rates for THE WHIG during the session of the Legislature apply at this office.

Mr. Alfred Webb received 294 votes for ward clerk in Ward Four, instead of 211, as was erroneously stated yesterday.

The Woman's Board of Missions will meet in the vestry of First Parish church, Thursday afternoon, March 12th, at three o'clock.

On account of the storm yesterday morning the storm signal was blown and there was no session of the public schools in consequence.

The ladies of the Crusade will hold their regular business meeting in their parlors on Franklin street this afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Prayer meeting, to which all are cordially invited, at four.

The driving of the logs for the Stillwater Log Driving Company for the ensuing season will be let at auction to the lowest bidder at the office of the company on Wednesday, March 18th, at 10 30 A. M.

The winter term of the public schools will close next Saturday for a two weeks vacation, and the present week will be devoted to the examinations. The summer term will commence on March 30th to continue thirteen weeks.

The next quarterly meeting of the Maine Eastern Christian Conference will convene with the Second Christian church at the South Union school house, Palmyra, commencing Friday, March 20th, at 10 A. M., and continuing over the Sabbath. All are invited.

The late order of the Maine Central Railroad forbidding all employes of the company to play cards, dominoes or any games in any of the company's tracks, or on any of the premises of the company on penalty of immediate dismissal from the company's employ is a move in the right direction.

Such extended refittings are being placed in the City of Richmond, of the Portland, Mount Desert and Machias steamboat line that the sailing day of the steamer has been further postponed until Tuesday of next week, March 17th, when she will take her place upon the route, thoroughly renovated.

Plans have been perfected for deputations from Bowdoin, Colby and Bates Y. M. C. A. societies to visit Kent's Hill, Pittsfield, Hebron, Coburn Institute, Fryeburg, Bridgton and Buckeport academies to found associations where none exist, and to help those at Buckeport and Kent's Hill that are already at work.

The Indians and others who make snow shoes have had a good sale for them this winter and they will lay by quite a little sum in consequence. There has been a great deal of snow and sportsmen, woodsmen and others have found it to be necessary to wear snow shoes a great part of the time in order to get about. With them travel is made very easy.

The revenue cutter Levi Woodbury is making her regular trips along the coast and has been up the river as far as Bucksport recently. The cutter has given frequent assistance during the winter to vessels which had either gone ashore or were helpless in the heavy storms which have prevailed, and a careful lookout for the shipping interests is kept.

Capt. E. M. Trim and Capt. Wood left on last evening's train for New York to rejoin their vessels, the Isaac Orbeton and the E. H. Harriman. They have been at their homes in this city during the winter, while their vessels have been on foreign voyages, but the craft have now arrived at New York, and the captains will take command at once. They will soon depart on foreign voyages.

The members of the Y. P. S. C. E. connected with the First Baptist church had a sleigh ride to Six Mile Falls last evening, and a large number participated in the event. The party started from the church parlors at six o'clock and rode to the grange hall, where an oyster supper was served and a social time passed. The return was made late in the evening. All voted it a very enjoyable occasion.

The town of Dexter now has a library of over 3,000 volumes free to all citizens of the town who comply with its regulations. It is opened at stated times, and many hundred people regularly avail themselves of its privileges. Every year the town appropriates for its support as much as the law permits, and this sum pays the librarian, keeps the books in good shape, and makes some additions of new works.

At the Frenchman's Bay Land and Water Company's meeting of directors, held Saturday, the question as to the advisability of constructing water works by the Long Pond Company to bring water from Long Pond to Sorrento and the issuing of $50,000 Long Pond Company bonds to be guaranteed by the Frenchman's Bay Company were discussed, but no action taken. The meeting adjourned to the first Wednesday in May.

A special conclave of St. John's Commandery will be opened in its asylum, Masonic Hall, on Monday evening, March 16 at 7 30 o'clock, to work the "Order of the Red Cross." The occasion will also be the official visitation of Em. Horace H. Burbank, of Saco, grand captain general of the Grand Commandery of Maine. A banquet will follow the business of the evening and a very pleasant time may be expected.

A big lot of lumber was brought yesterday to this city over the Bangor and Piscataquis railroad from the mill of E. & J. F. Webster, at Shirley. In the morning there were seventeen carloads waiting at Shirley for transportation, but at that time only twelve could be taken. The remainder will be brought down as soon as possible. The mill is running very smoothly and a large amount of lumber is being turned out.

The members of the Boys' Union will meet at Y. M. C. A. Hall this afternoon at two o'clock for the purpose of entertainment and instruction. An excellent musical programme has been prepared by the ladies, and an instructive lecture will be given by Rev. T. E. Bonfield pastor of the First Baptist church. After the meeting the boys will visit the new gymnasium in the new building. The boys should be on hand at 2 o'clock, sharp.

The inquest over the remains of Lalte Ollio, the Finn, who was killed last week a mile and a half above Dover by being run over by a Bangor & Piscataquis train, will be held to-day at Dover, Coroner Poole officiating. It is now thought that Ollio had been overcome by the cold as he was walking upon the track, and becoming benumbed had fallen between the rails before he was struck by the train. He had been working quite a long distance and, it was a very cold day with the air full of snow which was being blown along furiously.

The Waterville correspondent of the *Kennebec Journal* writes: Mr. R. B. Hall has just written a heavy march for full military band. He has named it "Waterville" and it will be published by one of the leading music firms of Boston. Mr. Hall has composed many marches which have been published and are now played by leading bands in all parts of the country. If the negotiations now going on between this gentleman and one of our local bands are successful, a military band will be developed here in the course of a few months of which the city may well be proud.

Monday forenoon M. J. Madden, of Portland, left to join club, the Boston Reds. Yesterday the members were to start for Augusta, Georgia, for spring practice. Messrs. Madden and Ray are two able representatives of Maine upon the diamond and their work during the coming season will be watched with interest by many. The Boston *Herald* says that Ray is one of the most popular players in the profession. He is deservedly so, for he not only uses his bat with telling effect and at opportune moments, but plays the game for all it is worth. Another thing in his favor is that he has not a swelled head. He leaves in a short time to join the Baltimore team to play right field

Maine towns are making a good showing for themselves this spring. Chelsea has no town debt and its resources exceed its liabilities by $854 94. The town report of Denmark shows that the town debt, which was $7,000 in 1883, is entirely wiped out and there is a surplus of $1,801 63 in favor of the town, and $769.19 of ready cash in the treasury. The report of the town of Peru shows a reduction in the town debt of $1,804.01, $950 of which is for wild land sold. Machias, East Machias, Marshfield, Dennysville, Perry, Lubec, Jonesport, Harrington, Centreville, Northfield and Wesley report "no indebtedness," and at the annual meeting this month Whitneyville will be able to report "debt all paid."

The livery stable keepers have had a fairly good winter for their business although it has been quite cold most of the time. There has been a great deal of first rate sleighing, however, and notwithstanding the coldness of the atmosphere, there has been a demand for dashing turn outs on every pleasant day. The pleasant balmy weather brought out a large number of drivers and on days when such conditions prevailed, the livery teams were all out. The winter of '90 was a very poor one for the livery stable men, as there was but comparatively little sleighing, and none at all until far into the winter Some of them lost money, and others just managed to pay expenses. This winter, however, has been a better one for the business, and while no great profits will be made, yet it will pay fairly well.

FELL INTO THE SLUSH. One of the Bangor commercial travelers recently had a very unpleasant experience, which he hopes never to duplicate. He takes some long trips in his sleigh while hustling for orders for his firm and the experience referred to occurred on the ice in the St. John river. He tried to cross the ice at a certain point with his team, but had not gone far when the horse nearly disappeared from view in the deep slush and the sleigh also took a downward turn to a considerable extent. In extricating himself from his dangerous position he went in up to his shoulders, but managed to escape with a wetting. Those on the shore who had observed his predicament went to his assistance and drew the horse and sleigh to a place of safety Another commercial traveler who had been tempted to cross at the same place was very glad that he did not. The ice is now getting treacherous as the warmer weather approaches and is full of danger to the driver or pedestrian. With slushy ice in the rivers and excruciating traveling on many of the country roads on account of the great abundance of snow, the lot of the commercial traveler who goes about by team is not cast in the most enjoyable spots and he will throw up his hat when summer with good roads and warm weather comes.

Our Own Folks and Other Folks

Mrs. L. A. Whalen went to Boston yesterday.

Mr. G A. Haggerty, of McAdam, N B, is in the city.

Mr. Hiram Davis, of Winn, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. E A. Flanders, of Dexter, is in the city on business.

J. F. True, Esq, of Auburn, is in the city on a business trip.

Mr. W. C Crummett, of Fort Fairfield, is in the city on business.

There was no particular change in Mr. Burr's condition yesterday.

William Dobson, Esq, of Pittsfield is in the city at the Bangor House.

Mr. Thomas Leigh, Jr., and Mr F. A. Jones, of Augusta, are in the city

Miss Virginia Davis, of Boston, is the guest of Mrs W R Hayford, on Cedar street.

Mr. L. F. Hooper, of Ellsworth, was in the city yesterday at the Penobscot Exchange

Miss Emma Kennedy, teacher of the Stillwater Avenue school, is ill at her home.

Miss Stevens, of Portland, is visiting at the residence of George B. Goodale, Esq., on Grove street.

Mr. George Peirce, of New Haven, Conn., and Mr. Albert Peirce, of Frankfort, were in the city yesterday at the Bangor House.

Hon. and Mrs. J. S. Wheelwright left yesterday on the afternoon train for Hot Springs, N. C., where they will be guests at the Mountain Park Hotel for three weeks.

Mr. Sabine P. Sanger, formerly of this city, and who for several years has been with Blake, Bros. & Co., of Boston, the well known bankers, has recently become associated with Curtis & Motley, the widely known brokers.

The Piano Recitals.

The advance sale of seats for the piano recitals to be given by Miss Nealy Stevens in City Hall next Tuesday afternoon and evening, began yesterday at D. Bugbee & Co.'s and the regular sale will open to-day. Judging from the demand for tickets yesterday, a week in advance, the capacity of the hall will be tested at each recital. Miss Stevens is very highly spoken of and a great deal of pleasure is anticipated from her visit to this city. The Boston *Journal* says:

Miss Nealy Stevens, the young and talented pianist of Chicago, gave her second recital in this city last evening in Bumstead Hall. Miss Stevens gained for herself an enviable reputation among our musical people last season by her well-conceived and scholarly interpretations, and this favorable impression was more than confirmed last evening. Miss Stevens' selections were admirably chosen and the programme was varied as well as very interesting and pleasing. The programme includes numbers from Bach, Sesson, Beethoven, Mendelssohn, Chopin, and Liszt. Two very tuneful numbers by Sol-

CORONER'S INQUEST

Over the Remains of John Mannion who was Run Over by the Cars at the Maine Central Depot Monday Evening

The inquest over the remains of John Mannion who was killed Monday evening at the Maine Central depot by falling beneath the cars of the St. John train was held yesterday forenoon before the following jury summoned by Coroner George W. Whitney. Silas D. Jones, James Mooney, Henry D. Williams, William H Edmunds, John F. Woodman and Forney C. Boyd, Mr. Williams acting as secretary.

The jury after visiting the scene of the accident heard the testimony.

William M. Maher testified that he had met Mannion on Exchange street the evening of the accident and that Mannion had told him that he was going to Portland He afterwards saw him at the Exchange street station and had some conversation with him. Mannion got aboard the baggage car and he went to the rear of the train to go over to the depot. The next time he saw Mannion he was under the cars.

George Folsom, baggage master at the Exchange street station, testified that he saw Mannion at the station, and that he had inquired several times of him who was the conductor of the train to Portland. Mannion got aboard the baggage car with his assistance.

B B. Hatch, hackman, testified that he saw Mannion jump or fall, he couldn't tell which, from the baggage car as the train entered the depot. He dragged about half a car's length and then fell under the wheels As soon as the train was stopped the railroad employes went to his assistance.

Jasper H. Jenkins, third baggage master, testified that he saw Mannion on the baggage car, and also observed him fall between the platform and cars. He fell from the end of the mail car and had been standing on its platform about three seconds.

John T Doyle testified that he saw Mannion at the Exchange street station and was informed that he was going to Portland

Conductor Charles H. Potter, of the St. John train, testified that he knew nothing of the accident until Mannion was taken from beneath the wheels People are in the habit of riding on the cars from the Exchange street station to the depot

Brakeman Harry E. Rice testified that he did not see the young man until he was taken from beneath the cars Mr Hatch first called his attention to the accident

George T Mishou, baggage master, testified that Mannion got aboard the forward end of the baggage car at the Exchange street station He saw him afterwards when he had been taken from beneath the cars

The verdict was that his death was the result of an accident caused by his falling off from a train of cars while in motion at the Maine Central station on the evening of March 9th, 1891. We further find that said Mannion did not use proper care for his safety, and we also find that the Maine Central Railroad Company is in no wise responsible for the accident and we therefore exonerate them from all blame."

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Held at Different Towns in this Vicinity

Municipal elections were held Monday at several towns in this vicinity with the following result

SHEC

Selectmen, A. C Getchell, S. C. Dean, and C. F. Wingate, Treasurer A. H Morrison, Clerk, T. H. Wyman

GARLAND

Moderator, Benjamin True, Clerk D. L Knight; Selectmen, John L. Abbott, M. L. Rideout, F. J Gerry; School Committee, Dr. F. A. C. Emerson, Charles Whiting, Mrs. Matilda Gerry; Collector, Treasurer and Constable, A. M Haskell, Truant Officer, C. A. Fawcette. The town reported to have a sum in the treasury of $1,111 33 with all bills paid

HITTSFIELD

The following town officers were elected on Monday Moderator, J C Cannon, Clerk, A. D Mitchell, Treasurer, N J Perkins; Selectmen Assessors and Overseers of the Poor, Frank Weeks, Orange Murrey, Alonzo Patten, Superintendent of Schools, P. W. Hovey, Road Commissioner, James F Conner.

BRADFORD

D S. Humphrey, Joseph Folsom and John H. Furbish Selectmen, Assessors and Overseers of the Poor, W I. Dingsbury, Treasurer, F. E. Pickering Supervisor of Schools Luther Gary Collector and Constable

Money raised	
Support of schools	$1,025
" " poor,	400
To defray town charges	1,250
To repair town house,	100
To repair and paint bridges	75
For memorial services	25
Roads and bridges,	2,600

Miss Eurydice M. Wilson, who served as supervisor of schools faithfully and well during the past ten years declined to be re-elected

Amusement Notes.

Hoyt's great company, headed by Elsie Leslie, in "The Prince and the Pauper," will be seen at the Opera House the latter part of this month.

Richard Golden, in "Old Jed Prouty," will close his season in Bangor the last of May, the same as last year. Previous to his Bangor engagement "Old Jed" will appear at Rockland, Bath, Gardiner, Showhegan, Waterville and Belfast, under the management of Mr F. A. Owen

There will be a second operatic festival matinee on Saturday, April 4, at Music Hall, Boston, at which time there will be a chorus and orchestra

A STRONG NERVE.

Do you know the value of a strong nerve?

Do you remember the story of the aeronaut, who, when the safety valve at the top of the balloon would not work, boldly mounted the delicate netting step by step, swinging out over the vast swell of the madly thrashing balloon, hanging 1000 feet out over the yawning abyss and raging sea below, until he closed the valve, stopped the escape of gas and made the airship rise again to safety?

It was nerve which saved him and his companion.

Would you have had the nerve to do it?

A THOUSAND TIMES NO.

You are strong enough in muscle, but your nerves are weak and shattered. You would have turned pale, your nerves would have trembled, relaxed and left you prostrate and powerless, not only in this, but in almost any other emergency.

You have courage enough but your nerve power is weak, exhausted, unsteady and unreliable!

You have used up your nerve strength by overwork, confinement, worry or dissipation, all out of proportion to your physical strength. That is why you look so well and feel so unutterably played out. You are weak without effort, tired without exertion; feel languid, spiritless, nerveless, have no ambition, energy or content. That is why you have restless, sleepless nights, and wake mornings enervated, lifeless, tired. That is why you are at times gloomy and depressed, why your heart palpitates so easily, why you tremble at the least excitement and are ashamed at your lack of nerve even in trivial things. In the spring these symptoms are always aggravated by spring debility.

You need a new nerve, for nerve strength is the real power of the body. IT IS THE MAINSPRING OF LIFE AND HEALTH.

How get it? Easily enough. Use Dr. Greene's Nervura, the greatest known restorer of nerve strength, the best brain invigorant, the most wonderful giver of strength, power and vigor to the weakened, run down and exhausted system. It is a purely vegetable and perfectly harmless remedy, and can be procured at all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Get it, you who have weak nerves.

Ringing Words of Hope.

For eight years I have been constantly under the care of doctors, five years under eminent allopathic and three with homeopathic physicians, but found no relief, nor, from what the doctors told me, did I expect to get any better. I was convinced they did not understand my case, so thought I would try Dr. Greene's Nervura, and the result has been truly wonderful. I now feel in better health than for the last twenty years. During all this time I have been suffering with Malaria, Heart Disease, Kidney and Liver complaints, nervous prostration and sleeplessness. For the three months before taking Dr. Greene's Nervura I had been confined to my room, and most of the time to the bed. I feel, with the blessing of God, Dr. Greene's Nervura has given me a new lease of life and health, and that I am cured of all my troubles. I have a great desire that others may be benefited as I have been, and take every opportunity to recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura to the sick.

MRS. E. S. BOGART,
Baptist Home, 6th St., New York City.

DR. GREENE, of 31 TEMPLE PLACE, BOSTON, Mass., the discoverer, is the famous specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic diseases. The doctor has devoted special attention to the treatment of all forms of chronic disease through letter correspondence, and will give by mail his opinion and advice in any case free of charge. The perfection of this system renders a complete cure almost assured, as his success in treatment by correspondence is wonderful and unequalled.

B. *Send for symptom blank to fill out, or write Dr. Greene about your case, and a carefully considered letter, fully explaining your disease and giving you a perfect understanding of all its symptoms will be returned, free of charge.*

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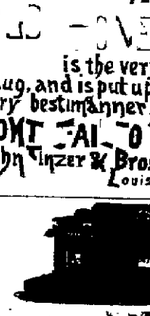

Remington Standard Typewriter.

For fifteen years the Standard, and to-day the most perfect development of the writing-machine, embodying the latest and highest achievements of inventive and mechanical skill. We add to the capital can secure.

LESLIE E. JONES,
Exclusive Dealer Penobscot County and Vicinity,
BANGOR, MAINE.

feb24

ACCOUNT BOOKS.
We manufacture most of the BLANK BOOKS we sell, and

[illegible] ICATES
[illegible] our shelves so that our [illegible] in stock, year after year [illegible] of the best material [illegible] give satisfaction. We also [illegible] goods in the largest and

BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS, ETC.
East of Boston. No charge for lettering. Town officers furnished.

D. BUGBEE & CO.
jan28 MWFm

FOR SALE.
The homestead of the late R. C. Baker, situated on Broadway, within two miles of the City of Orono. The farm has fine orchard of grafted fruit, excellent house, barns [illegible]

THE REDMAN IN WINTER

HOW INDIANS EAT AND LIVE DURING THE COLD MONTHS.

Construction of a Tepee—Furnishings of the Tent—How Their Bread Is Made. Process of Hunting and Curing the Leather for Leggins and Moccasins.

It is not strange that Indians are short lived nor that there should be so high a rate of mortality among their children. The tribes north of an east and west line coinciding with the northern limit of New Mexico use for dwellings what is known as the tepee. An Indian of wealth in the Ute country sometimes has an opportunity to purchase an A tent, and even a wall tent at some sale of condemned quartermaster's supplies, but the very best and newest canvas affords poor protection against the snow storms and freezing winds of the plains.

The tent is usually staked down, with a shallow gutter dug round it to carry off the rain water, which would otherwise flood its interior, and, beginning in the early autumn, a fire is built in the center of the earth floor, which is seldom allowed to go out. Overhead and hanging in lines suspended from the canvas are the rifles and other weapons of the family, and the floor is covered with about six inches of dead grass or hay, which in time is trodden down and pressed into a fair and tolerably soft mattress. Wrapped up in his blanket, with his head resting on his saddle for a pillow, the Indian sleeps through the night, depending somewhat on the fire to keep him from freezing in extremely cold weather.

LIFE IN A TEPEE.

In dry weather the ventilator at the apex of the tent may be kept open, but during storms, when it is closed, the atmosphere of the tent is stifling and reeking with the odor of the unwashed family and of the many damp and badly cured furs which every buck accumulates. Far from the agencies the Indians lay in a small stock of flour, coffee and sugar sufficient to be used sparingly through the winter, which, with his frozen beef or antelope meat, constitutes his bill of fare.

In a tent ten feet in diameter, a buck, two squaws and five or six small children pass the winter months, and considering their uncleanly habits, it is not difficult to imagine the condition of the habitation in the spring. They themselves probably appreciate this, because rather than clean up they simply move their tent to some clean spot.

With a little flour, water and salt the squaws make a thick paste, which is first cooked on hot stones until it becomes stiff, and then each cake is further cooked by standing it on its edge with its flat surface exposed to the flames until it is thoroughly baked, into quite palatable bread. Their meat is fried in its own fat or roasted on a spit stuck in the ground, while a small child keeps it turning to equalize the roasting. The bread cakes serves as plates, while their fingers are both knives and forks, so the Indian has no dish washing process to go through with, for when the meal is finished he eats his plate and licks off his knives and forks with his tongue.

MAKING LEGGINS.

The hunting of deer in the Rocky mountains has driven them north into British America, and in a few more years our Indians will have no more buckskins for leggins and moccasins. Only the skin of the heavy eared deer can be used, that of the antelope and white tailed varieties being too tender for long service. The Apaches make their moccasins and leggins in one piece, in the style of hunting boots, while most of the Indians to the north wear slippers and leggins. Whenever a deer is killed and cut up the bladder is carefully cut away, cleaned, and filled with the brain of the animal, and the little bag is most carefully guarded until a stream is reached, where the hide may be cured.

The entire skin is then put into running water, and weighted down with stones. In four or five hours the soaking has swelled it and loosened the hair at the roots, when it is taken out and stretched on a frame, while the owner, with the aid of a cleaned rib of the animal, scrapes it down until all the hair is rubbed off, very much in the same manner as overheated horses are scraped to remove the foam and sweat. The skin is then pulled and stretched for three or four hours, and, at the same time, oiled with the brain until it is perfectly dry, soft and pliable, when it is ready for use. When a tan color is desired it is soaked in an infusion of red bark. The sole of the moccasin is always made of the raw hide of beef cattle and sewed to the upper with the sinews of the deer's tendon achilles.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Attorney's Dog.

A Boston lawyer who resides in the suburbs is the owner of a dog that certainly possesses the instincts of an attorney. The other day he saw another dog carrying off a tempting looking bone. A second dog followed at a short distance. The lawyer's dog quickly conceived a plan of action worthy of an eminent legal mind. He immediately brought action against the dog with the bone. The third dog at once quickened his pace, and lost no time in instituting supplementary proceedings in his own behalf. This assistance proved equivalent to a decree for the plaintiff, for the lawyer's dog left the third dog to bear the brunt of the litigation, and seizing the bone fled to his own kennel, where possession was truly nine points of the law.—Boston Traveller.

Thompson Was Strong.

On March 28, 1841, Thomas Thompson lifted three barrels of water, weighing together 1,886 pounds. He also put an iron bar on his neck, seized hold of its two ends, and bent it until the latter met. On another occasion he raised with his teeth a table six feet long supporting at its farthest end a weight of 100 pounds. He also tore without serious effort a rope of a diameter of two inches, and lifted a horse over a bar.—Chambers' Journal.

The Bible of the Buddhists.

The bible of the sect is not without beauty and high moral as well as poetic conceptions. There is much in it of the nature of mythology and mysticism, which Buddhists do not pretend to understand themselves, yet there is much to admire. From a book of extracts and translations from the Buddhist bible I give a few examples:

"The perfect man is like the lily, unsoiled by the mud in which it grows." Another: "The perfect man will not be angry with him who brings him evil reports of himself, lest he be not able to judge truthfully of the matter whereof he is accused." Its moral code contains such rules as "Do not steal;" "Do not lie" "Do not kill;" "Do not be a drunkard;" "Do not to another what you would not wish done to yourself." From these examples it may be observed how nearly their moral law runs parallel with our own; and that this has exerted a potent influence in forming the Chinese character is evident. Also, that they cover the cardinal rules of right living in good society none will question.

The system offers motives in the way of rewards for right living and punishments of evil doing. It develops sympathy, the source of many virtues. It teaches the equality of all men. One man is better or worse than another only as he observes the laws of good society or breaks them.—W. G. Benton in Popular Science.

All Mail Matter Is Counted.

Persons who read the reports of the number of pieces of mail matter handled at the New York postoffice may have [illegible] report made of every piece that comes in by any one of these ways.

When one considers that an average of about 400,000 letters alone reach the general postoffice here every day, it will be seen that the task of counting them is a big one. Let a person count 1,000 and then try to get some idea of the labor involved in keeping a record of 1,000 times that many, and his head will swim at the thought. As the counting is done by a number of men, and the letters are subdivided into batches, the labor is not so enormous as might at first be supposed.—New York Tribune.

Disposing of an Office Seeker.

"The art of putting the right men in the right places," Talleyrand once said, "is first in the science of government; but that of finding places for the discontented is the most difficult."

It would seem from this that the distinguished French statesman was as much a prey to office seekers as are the public men of our own time. His manner of disposing of them is amusingly illustrated in the following anecdote:

One day one of these troublesome persons presented himself to M. de Talleyrand and reminded him that he had been promised a place.

"Very well," said Talleyrand, "but tell something that suits and which can be given. You don't know of anything? Well, find something. You must admit that I haven't the time to search for you."

The applicant was thus disposed of for the time being, but a day or two later he again presented himself, his face radiant with hope, and said:

"Sir, such and such a place is vacant."

"Vacant," replied Talleyrand. "Well, what do you wish me to do? You ought to know that when a place is vacant it has already been promised."—Boston Transcript.

When Opera Goers Ought to Eat.

A musical director now in the city has another idea besides music.

"Complaint is made," says he, "that people who come to the opera are nervous and fidgety and do not respond to the efforts to please. Is it any wonder? The 6 and 7 o'clock dinners are the cause. Our best people who go to make up the coloring of the audience dine late, and as a rule they fill in regardless of the laws governing health, and come to the opera—shall I speak plainly?—with enough rich food in them to make them stupid and unappreciative. My advice would be to eat sparingly just before the opera. The good effects from the music would assist in the digestion of a good dinner taken as late as midnight. My notion will probably not agree with that of your physician. Be it so. I am talking from a point which interests me. Gormandizing and music don't go together."—Chicago Tribune.

The Earth's Age.

The age of the earth is estimated from the increment in the temperature as we penetrate its crust. The rate at which the earth cools can only be determined by making use of data confessedly imperfect; but from these Sir William Thompson finds that 100,000,000 or 200,000,000 years ago it first began to be crusted over by a solid film of rocks; that 10,000,000 years afterward it was still so hot that the temperature increased 3 degs. Fahrenheit for every foot vertically descended below the zone of constant temperature. The present rate of increase averages about 1.51 of a degree for every foot.—St. Louis Republic.

Test for Milk.

The following test for watered milk is simplicity itself. A well polished knitting needle is dipped into a deep vessel of milk and immediately withdrawn in an upright position. If the sample is pure some of the fluid will hang to the needle, but if water has been added to the milk even in small proportions the fluid will not adhere to the needle.—American Market and Critical Buyer.

Paying a Creditor.

Like many another famous man, both before his time and since, Talleyrand exhibited—at least in early life—a great reluctance to settling with his creditors. When he was appointed bishop of Autun by Louis XVI, he considered a fine new coach to be necessary to the proper maintenance of the dignity of that office. Accordingly, a coach was ordered and delivered, but not paid for. Some time after, as the newly appointed bishop was about to enter his coach he noticed a strange man standing near who bowed continually until the coach was driven away. This occurred for several days, until at length Talleyrand, addressing the stranger, said:

"Well, my good man, who are you?"

"I am your coachmaker, my lord," replied the stranger.

"Ah!" said Talleyrand, "you are my coachmaker; and what do you want, my coachmaker?"

"I want to be paid, my lord."

"Ah! you are my coachmaker, and you want to be paid? You shall be paid, my coachmaker."

"But when, my lord?"

"Hum!" said Talleyrand, settling himself comfortably among the cushions of his new coach and eyeing his coachmaker severely, "you are very inquisitive."—Boston Transcript.

A Dramatist with Influence.

Queen Elizabeth of Roumania has written a play which she is pleased to describe as a tragedy, but which is really a piece of the most wildly and extravagantly sensational kind. It is entitled "Meister Manolly," and it is to be introduced at the Vienna Court theatre. The piece is of the old transpontine order, with ghosts, murders, a wife walled up alive, and other sensational episodes and it is full of preposterous situations absurdly stilted dialogue and Bombastes Furioso declamation. Queen Elizabeth, when she was recently at Vienna, invited the company of the Court theatre to partake of a sumptuous dejeuner at the Hotel Imperial, and the champagne flowed in rivers at the meal. Her majesty read the play to her guests, who applauded it as a matter of course, and then she went to see the emperor, and induced him to command that the piece should be produced at the Hofburg, where, as a rule, new plays are not readily accepted.—London Truth.

Just Like His Russian Brother.

The sultan very rarely or never leaves the grounds of Yildiz Kiosk, except to go once a week to a mosque just outside, when the very striking ceremony known as the Selamlick takes place. Once a year, also, he pays a visit to Stamboul, but the route there and returning is never known in advance. He is in constant fear of assassination. Some grand duchess whom he received at his court, on his complaining that his health was indifferent, advised, him to take more exercise and change of air, and to drive about the country. On her departure he is reported to have said: "What harm have I done that this woman should desire my death? Why does she advise me to run into such dangers?"—Nineteenth Century.

A Wedding Cake Dedicated.

"I had some wedding cake today under very distressing circumstances," said a postal clerk. "As the postoffice a package had been received containing a heavy invoice of this style of fancy goods. It was nearly six inches square and had sixteen cents in postage stamps, but not a sign of an address. There was no fooling for it. The owner couldn't be found, and rather than let the cake go to waste it was distributed judiciously among a few friends. Of course our theory was wrong, but the cake of course still leaves room for worse. [illegible]

There is no [illegible] mercantile [illegible]

SUN SPOTS.

(Continued From First Page.)

From spotted period to spotted, and clear-sun period to same again is 11 1-9 years. Every 111 years returns the same wave crest, but 55½ years marks the period of opposite effects as of the crest and abyss of a wave series. Sun-spot and clear-sun periods while showing general wave effects, are also, it seems, known to kick up in all sorts of unexpected excesses. That these excesses affect us seriously, as also the whole animal and vegetable creation I have tried to show elsewhere as in this, and now more in following data of epidemics. Life is too short that our experience may cover many of the 111 years periods, and only a long life (where in maturity two 45 year ones for our comparison, while memory fails often to repicture what we desire, and the records we wish for may not exist, or, if so, are inaccessible.

The periodic movement of many things compares with that of the Grip. Regular about each sun-clear period somewhere; not so in one place perhaps except for a few waves, yet again in irregular long multiple periods. Once started spreading as a flash and destructive, next year perhaps quite local and feeble, and afterwards extinct to next wave. Epidemics are in severity modified much by weather conditions; now if sun-spot and sun-clear periods are each periods of excesses, as we know, how natural that in five years epidemics should occasionally show a corresponding increase in severity. Remember also that some 11 year periods are faint and that the 5 year periods of rain and cold are in some countries quite regular and a table of curves in statistics show the 5 year ones near as high or low as the great 11 year one. These and other considerations will explain about all the breaks and irregularities. It also becomes plain how they come in great cycles. A severe wave may prolong itself in its strength and the strength carry it to the 5 year period when again it will rage and die out, a new wave then starting afresh in later years.

Influenza or "Grip." In 1836, in Russia, eleven years before the last great outbreak of '47 in London, '57, Berlin and London, '65 near 6x11 years earlier than '47, or 1,782 Russia. First definitely known in 1520, severe probably, 262 years, very near 44½x6 or 266. After 1847, '57 and '58 Europe, '66, '67 and '68, France and East, and '74, '75, Berlin and West Europe. Sir Isaac Newton's death, probably influenza, 1693, 173 years later than 1520, near equal of 44x4, 176; 1603 to 1782 is 89, or 11 1-0x8. And so it runs except in what seems the alternate five-period when it hung round as in '30-3, '41 to '5 and '8, and '62 and '8, but 33 and 22 equal 55 and 11, equal 66.

Cholera in brief. Take minimum dates, namely, 1823, '33, '43, '56, '67, '78 and '89, cholera 1823, then '29 and '30, '31 to '37 general, '46-7 Russia, '48 Europe, 1849, Bangor epidemic, '49 to '52 feeble Europe, 1852 new wave in Persia, '53-5 Europe and feeble to '61, '65-8 Europe and feeble '69 to 1874, 84 Mediterranean and last in '90. The connection can be seen.

Lastly in epidemics, that most dread disease, the Plague, has, it is reported, taken off its 10,000 in one day in Constantinople. Never known in this hemisphere, we have little to fear except indirectly. Typhus fever it approaches perhaps in nature, but typhoid fever was very prevalent here just before the Grip struck a year ago last December. Its periods of severity are so far off, long ago and long apart, that little is at first seen of our law. Yet not so rare if faint spells are considered, how plain is the period, how far are we carried into the past!

Since 1845 in Italy, but once in Europe and light; 1815, near our dismal year 1816, in Naples; '78-9 India, Volga when there was a panic of fear that it might spread into Europe generally. In 1779 and 1800 in Egypt as also in 1833 and '4 and '5 and '45, very near minimum ss. years. Constantinople varies a little, viz., 1703, 1717, 1802-3, 1808 and 1831. Its history in London often very regular; 1661-5, great plague; 1647, 1636, 1625, 1603, 1592, 1589 and '82; 1563-4, 1537-9, 1499 and 1500, 1400, 1406 and 1428, with few exceptions; 1610 was a break also.

The terrible "Black Death" in the 14th century came in 1346 and reached to 1357 eleven years, then 1361 and '68, after outbreaks, but '57 to '68 is 11. In earlier centuries, say 7th, 664, '72, '79 and '83; 72 and 11 equal 83; 164 to 180, spread over whole Roman world.

However all the figures I have would tire one. They trend so steadily one way that one becomes deeply impressed.

The winter in Europe now is reported in "severity alone exceeded in 1813 and '14," but add 77 and we come from then to 1890 and '91.

The Hollyhock has a disease, fungoid in nature, that seems to destroy more in eleven-year periods, while the grape in certain places suffers from a number of its own fungi at these times. Investigation will doubtless reveal much more in same line. As the weather, so wet, has affected farmers, so too the brick-makers felt it in their business. If often in drouts, it sometimes helped, as the lumbermen in plenty of water and mild winters.

These characters of increased heat and rain fall have in past two years been common over the whole world, even in statistics from New South Wales. Only in certain hot countries comes this period in such a way as to entirely reverse that movement of natural increase of population that prevails so generally. When this occurs we see one of the greatest causes perhaps that in time has brought some nations to extinction. Take India, 50,000 deaths, cholera in '77, but this was a small comparative loss. The corresponding period of eleven years ago gave '78 a famine year and '79 a pestilence year when common fevers caused so great a loss. With a population of forty-six millions in '78 the curve of loss and gain ran 262,000 in '78 loss, 749,000 in '79, then rising gradual to 814,000 gain in 1883, and afterwards falling slowly to past three years whose statistics are not at hand, but likely the loss will correspond to that of the years '78 and '79. Here was the rate reversed to loss near as great as of gain, and change of over one and one-half millions people made. This is an extreme case perhaps. Compute at a much less rate for tropical countries and still more coming north yet the result is vast. With few or no statistics for our country we can perhaps not see if this effect reaches us, yet it shows in financial depression if not elsewhere.

So all these excesses in our weather mean something. So our beautiful green fields, green in July and August as in May, green even in November, as in past two summers with the enormous hay crop, these and a corresponding failure of certain crops, all mean something. The ups and downs in insect life interest me, and of this former articles spoke more in detail. Am I wrong that we all alike man, plants and animals, are under our dominion by, and subjection to, the influence of the sun-spot period?

Again the time, it is said, between minimum and maximum sun-spots is 3-4 years, that from maximum to minimum 7-8 years. The activity of the sun, as shown in spotting, increases thus faster than it decreases. This bears a relation to the sudden change, in spells perhaps, from warm, open winters to those of severity such as this here and in Europe, &c. The roughness, say sudden changes and range of variation, in our winter seasons is the result of meeting of two factors, the heated and moist air of the tropics and the dry cold air of the pole. As one controls we have such a month as last December, and the other gave us our unusually great number of January thaws this year when we often are glad to get even one or two.

Mild winters, if not too wet, favor increase in insect life and thus we have grasshopper plagues. Maine feels this but little, but west and in Europe and Africa it becomes serious, and in the Orient we are carried back by such successive plagues even to the time of Moses in Egypt; for reading of those singular plagues before the exodus we can but think of the excesses in insects, disease, etc. etc., that characterizes our sun-clear period. The seven years of plenty and seven of famine of those times, shortly before, is a period that bears perhaps a relation to ours in some way, we may surmise. They had sacred and mystic numbers as 7 and 40.

F. A. E.

Grange Meetings.

Kennebec County Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Cascade Grange, Oakland Wednesday, March 11.

Piscataquis Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Pleasant River Grange, Milo, Thursday, March 19.

York County Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Buxton Grange, Thursday, March 19.

Knox and Lincoln Union Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Evening Star Grange, Washington, Saturday, March 21.

Waldo County Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Comet Grange, Swanville, Tuesday, March 24.

Penobscot County Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Pine Grove Grange, Brewer, Saturday, March 28.

Somerset Pomona Grange—Next meeting with Pittsfield Grange, Tuesday, June 9.

A Physicians Advice.

I suffered for years
from general debility.
Tried other remedies,
and got no relief.
My Physician prescribed S. S. S.
I increased in flesh;
My appetite improved;
I gained strength;
Was made young again;
It is the best medicine I know of.

MAHALEY TURPEN, Oakland City, Ind

Send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases.

SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s
Breakfast
Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed,
Is Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

SCRATCHED 28 YEARS

A Scaly, Itching Skin Disease with Endless Suffering Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

If I had known of the CUTICURA REMEDIES twenty-eight years ago, it would have saved me $ 500.00 and inconceivable amount of suffering. My disease (psoriasis) commenced on my head in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body, and got under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ringworm, psoriasis, etc. I cannot praise the Cuticura Remedies too much. They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them was $5 worth. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for $200.00, you would have had the money. I lend this the picture (No. 3, page 47) in your book, "how to cure skin diseases," but now I am as clear as any person ever was. Through force of habit I may rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once in a while, but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years, and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times.

DENNIS DOWNING, Waterbury, Vt.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements), and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp and restore the hair), instantly relieve and speedily cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary diseases and humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 8 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by Cuticura Soap.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK, Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

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Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company.

The annual meeting of the Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company, for the choice of officers and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the Treasurer, No. 40 Exchange St., Bangor, on Tuesday, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Directors chosen at the above meeting will be in session at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day at said office, for the purpose of receiving bids for driving into Penobscot Boom the logs intended to be driven by said Company this year, said Directors reserving the right to reject any or all bids which

Per Order,
T. S. MOON, Clerk.

Bangor, March 3, 1891. Open copy

Interior Waters.

The Committee on Interior Waters have assigned hearings on bill and petitions referred to them as follows:

For Thursday, March 12th, 2 o'clock P. M.

Petition of Otis Hamlin et als. for an abandonment to the charter of the Penobscot Lake Dam Co.

A. S. TOBEY, Secretary.

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STATE OF MAINE.

CLERK'S OFFICE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT, Bangor, Feb. 27, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that a petition for the appointment of a receiver of the property of the Bangor Water, Light and Power Company, a corporation duly established and located at Bangor in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, has been filed in said Court by [illegible]

WHAT THEY WROTE.

A Boston Reporter's Investigations.

[Boston Globe.]

Some statements recently published in this paper have created so much talk and caused so many questions that a press representative in Boston was detailed to investigate the matter thoroughly. The truth of the statements is shown by what follows:

Among the professional men whose experience was sought on the subject of this investigation was Mr. Howard D. Moore, attorney and counselor-at-law, 239 Washington street. Mr. Moore was found busily engaged with some legal documents, but was pleased to say that his name had been used with due authority, in confirmation of which he placed his autograph to the following sentiment:

I am using Paine's Celery Compound, and do not hesitate to say it is the best medicine I have ever used. I feel that I shall recommend it.

Howard D. Moore

The name of M. A. Waterhouse is a popular and familiar one in Boston commercial circles, and to thousands of the gentler sex in all parts of the country his famous custom corsets have imparted grace and comfort. This gentleman was found at his place of business, 521 Washington street, and his views solicited for publication. He remarked that while he was too much engaged to submit to an interview, he declared it a pleasure and duty to all concerned to publicly state the following facts over his signature:

"A case of intense suffering, of several years standing, arising from a complication of ailments, which three well-known physicians of Boston failed even to relieve, and which was entirely cured within one week by Paine's Celery Compound, has come under my personal observation. I regard this remedy of most extraordinary value."

M. A. Waterhouse

Another New England man who has spoken his mind in no uncertain manner, is Mr. George H. Campbell, connected with the Boston and Maine Railroad, Gloucester. He expresses the faith that is in him in the following pointed paragraph:

"I took cold three years ago, which left me with dyspepsia and neuralgia of the stomach. I tried all the doctors here and two in Boston, besides using many remedies that were recommended to me, but all of which together didn't do me a cent's worth of good. Two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound gave me more real benefit than all the doctors and medicines combined."

Geo H. Campbell

Wherever the man of news went, he met not only emphatic confirmation of the statements that had found their way into public print, but large numbers of prominent people, who spoke from personal experience and wide spread observation, were everywhere cheerfully ready to go before the public with their unqualified words of praise. While these instances are too numerous to mention, it should be stated that the list includes such names as Mr. George Wright, of the renowned firm of Wright & Ditson, Dr. J. H. Hanaford of Reading, the author, physician and scientific investigator, and William Gordon, who was assessor under Mayor O'Brien.

A careful analysis was made of this Compound, which determined the fact that its ingredients were pure and harmless, and combined in a novel and scientific way. It is a most valuable discovery and in the direct line of common sense and scientific progress. It is a pure, safe and simple nerve and brain food. And let it be stated right here that in every case of the extreme nervous prostration and mental depression, now so universally prevailing, the nerves should be fed, and strengthened, the brain should be nourished, not blindly stimulated; then not only will all danger be averted, but a high state of general well being will result.

A Traveler's Insurance Co.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

TERM ANNUITY BOND.

AGE.	RATES.	PER $1,000.
20	$5.88	Do.
25	9.90	"
30	11.82	"
35	16.19	"
40	15.72	"
45	19.18	"
50	28.97	"
55	30.64	"
60	39.95	"
65	58.05	"

This Bond contains the Maine Non-forfeiture Law and has a cash surrender every 5 years.

S. SCHWARSCHILD, General Agent,
For Maine and Province of New Brunswick, Casco National Bank Building, Portland, Maine.

HERBERT C. BEAN, Special Agent,
No. 1 Main St., Bangor, Me.

march4

WINTER'S BACKBONE

Is all right. Now look after the backbones of your growing children please, and see that they are all right too, and incurring no curvatures from the effects of wearing high-heeled foot wear while they're growing. Our put out of

Children's Kid Spring Heeled Boots

prevent such deformities to their wearers in many cases. Fact. Ask Dr. what's his name if they don't.

19 West Market Square, E. J. DAVIS & CO.

P. S. Neptune Water Proof Polish sold by us insures dry feet to its users.

march19

LOOK AT THIS.

3,000

Yards of Brussels, Tapestry, Wool and Union Carpets to be Sold at

15c. to 20c.

Below Regular Prices!

Next Monday we begin to clear out all odd rolls of Carpets. If you are going to buy for spring house-cleaning and the patterns suit, you can save from $4 to $5 on a room.

Don't miss this sale and regret it afterwards. There will not be enough for everybody at the reduced prices.

50 or 60 DOLLAR SETS,

Every one a bargain. Come and see the Sets and the Prices and you will agree with us. They must be cleared out for we have all the Newest Styles waiting to be unpacked.

PARLOR SUITS.

We offer a few at cost, probably not over a dozen Suits, but whoever is the lucky purchaser of one of these will be envied by neighbors. This is a big chance for a Parlor Suit.

SIDEBOARDS MADE.

Anybody wanting one can secure $30 worth of Sideboard for $23. About nine or ten of these bargains.

Come early next week, especially if you want Carpets cheap.

Railroads and Steamships

Maine Central Railroad.

Arrangement of Trains
In Effect DECEMBER 25, 1890.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

6.45 A.M.—For St. Stephen, Aroostook County, St. John and all points East of Bangor in Maine and the Provinces, with Parlor car for St. John.
7.15 A.M.—For Oldtown and E. & P. R. R.
11.25 A.M.—For Oldtown and Milford.
12.00 P.M.—For all local points in Maine Central.
12.15 P.M.—(Mixed) for Oldtown and Milwaukeg.
4.35 P.M.—For Oldtown and E. & P. R. R.
7.30 P.M.—Night express train for St. John, Woodstock, Aroostook County and St. John, sleeping car for St. John attached, dining car included.

GOING WEST.

7.20 A.M.—Fast Express daily, connective, parlor car attached, for Waterville, Augusta, Hallowell, Gardiner, Brunswick, Portland, Boston, connecting with Shore Line at Portland for New York.
12.50 P.M.—(Mixed) for Waterville and stations.
1.40 P.M.—Flying Yankee, for Portland, Boston, with through Parlor car, Bangor to Portland, connecting at Portland with night express for Montreal and all points in the Northwest.
4.40 P.M.—For Dover and Foxcroft and mixed from Newport for Dover and stations as Waterville inclusive.
8.00 P.M.—(Night Train) for Portland and intermediate stations, connecting at Portland for Boston, with Parlor car attached.

☞ Night trains between Bangor and Boston run between Bangor and Skowhegan, Sundays only, stock run every night, Sundays included.

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

7.30 A.M.—7.00 P.M. Arrive at Bucksport at 8.05 A.M. and 7.35 P.M. Leave Bucksport 8.15 A.M. and 1.30 P.M. Arrive at Bangor at 8.55 A.M. and 2.00 P.M.

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Ellsworth and Bar Harbor at 7.00, 8.10 A.M. (mixed), and 1.40 P.M. Leave Ellsworth at 6.40 and 11.00 A.M. and 6.15 P.M. Arrive at Bar Harbor at 10.00 A.M., 1.15 P.M. (mixed) and 9.25 P.M., connecting with Frenchman's Bay steamers.

Trains leave Bar Harbor at 6.30 A.M., 11.00 A.M. (mixed), 1.00 P.M. Mixed 3.30 A.M. and 5.00 P.M. Arrive at Ellsworth at 10.10 A.M., 2.40 P.M. (mixed) and 7.15 P.M. Arrive at Bangor at 12.15 A.M., 4.45 P.M. and 9.00 P.M.

Through tickets to points in Canada and the West, by all routes are on sale at the Ticket Office. For Pullman Berths apply to Ticket Agent, or telephone A. W. Ricker, Ticket Agent.

F. E. BOOTHBY,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Dec21

Boston & Bangor S. S. Co.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

TWO TRIPS A WEEK TO BOSTON.

Steamers ARIZONA and ARIADNE will leave Searsport, Belfast, Rockland and Camden every Mondays and Thursdays at 11 A. M.

RETURNING:
From Boston, Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 P. M., touching at intermediate ports.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent.
WILLIAM H. HILL, Gen'l Manager.

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Bangor & Piscataquis

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

STANDARD TIME.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 1, 1890, Passenger trains leave Bangor for Dover and Foxcroft at 7.15 A. M., and 1.15 P. M. Leave Bangor for Oldtown, Milford, Old Town, Orono, Veazie, Corinna, Dexter, Sangerville, Dover and Foxcroft at 10.00 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. Leave Dover and Foxcroft for Bangor at 6.45 A. M. and 2.30 P. M. Leave Foxcroft for Dover and Bangor at 7.45 A. M. and 3.00 P. M. Leave Sangerville for Dover and Foxcroft at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Leave Dover and Foxcroft for Sangerville at 9.00 A. M. and 4.15 P. M.

Passengers for all points beyond Bangor take the 7.15 A. M. train from Bangor, the 1.15 P. M. train from Dover and Foxcroft, the 7.45 A. M. train from Foxcroft, the 3.00 P. M. train from Dover and Foxcroft, the 5.00 P. M. train from Bangor.

Passengers for Bangor take the 7.00 A. M. train from Dover and Foxcroft, the